Chapter 546

(House Bill 594)

AN ACT concerning

Financial Institutions – Student Loan Servicers – Unfair, Abusive, or Deceptive Trade Practices

FOR the purpose of prohibiting a student loan servicer from employing any scheme, device, or artifice to mislead a student loan borrower; prohibiting a student loan servicer from engaging in any unfair, abusive, or deceptive trade practice toward any person; prohibiting a student loan servicer from misrepresenting or omitting certain information in connection with the servicing of a certain loan; prohibiting a student loan servicer from obtaining property by misrepresentation or omission of a certain fact; prohibiting a student loan servicer from applying a payment from a student loan borrower to a certain loan in a certain manner, except under certain circumstances; prohibiting a student loan servicer from knowingly or recklessly misapplying or refusing to correct a misapplication of a certain payment under certain circumstances; prohibiting a student loan servicer from negligently making a certain statement or omitting a certain fact in connection with certain information filed with, or a certain investigation conducted by, a certain government agency; prohibiting a student loan servicer from failing to report a certain history to a certain consumer reporting agency under certain circumstances; prohibiting a student loan servicer from refusing to communicate with a certain representative of a certain student loan borrower under certain circumstances; prohibiting a student loan servicer from violating a certain law concerning student education loan servicing; authorizing a certain student loan servicer to adopt procedures to verify that a certain representative of a student loan borrower is authorized to act in a certain manner; requiring a student loan servicer to respond to a certain inquiry or complaint in a certain manner, except under certain circumstances; requiring a student loan servicer to provide a certain document under certain circumstances; requiring a student loan servicer to apply a certain payment in a certain manner, except under certain circumstances; requiring a student loan servicer to provide a certain document under certain circumstances; and generally relating to student loan servicers.

BY adding to
Article – Education
Section 26–601 through 26–603 26–604 to be under the new subtitle “Subtitle 6.
Student Loan Servicers”
Annotated Code of Maryland
(2018 Replacement Volume and 2018 Supplement)

BY repealing
Article – Financial Institutions
Section 2–104.1(h)
Annotated Code of Maryland
(2011 Replacement Volume and 2018 Supplement)

BY adding to
Article – Financial Institutions
Section 2–104.1(h) and 11–610(c)(15)
Annotated Code of Maryland
(2011 Replacement Volume and 2018 Supplement)

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
Article – Financial Institutions
Section 11–610(c)(14) and (15)
Annotated Code of Maryland
(2011 Replacement Volume and 2018 Supplement)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

Article – Education

SUBTITLE 6. STUDENT LOAN SERVICERS.

26–601.

(A) IN THIS SUBTITLE THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS
INDICATED.

(B) “CONSUMER REPORTING AGENCY” HAS THE MEANING STATED IN §
14–1201 OF THE COMMERCIAL LAW ARTICLE.

(C) “NONCONFORMING PAYMENT” MEANS A PAYMENT MADE BY A STUDENT
LOAN BORROWER THAT IS MORE OR LESS THAN THE REQUIRED PAYMENT FOR A
STUDENT EDUCATION LOAN ACCOUNT.

(D) “SERVICING” MEANS:
(1) (1) Receiving any scheduled periodic payments from a student loan borrower according to the terms of a student education loan or notification of the payments; and

(2) (II) Applying the payments from to a student loan borrower’s received account according to the terms of a student education loan or a contract governing the services;

(2) During a period when no payment is required on a student education loan:

(1) Maintaining account records for the student education loan; and

(II) Communicating with the student loan borrower regarding the student education loan on behalf of the holder of the student education loan; or

(3) Interacting with a student loan borrower in connection with the repayment, restructuring, or deferral of repayment of a student education loan, or, including interactions to help prevent default on obligations arising from a student education loan, to facilitate the activities described in item (1) or (2) of this subsection.

(4) Performing other administrative services related to a student education loan.

(E) (1) “Student education loan” means any loan that is:

(i) Made, insured, or guaranteed under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended; or

(ii) Regardless of whether the loan is provided through the educational institution that the student loan borrower attends or directly to the student loan borrower from the lender, extended to an individual with the express expectation that the funds extended will be used in whole or in part to pay expenses that are included as part of the cost of attendance of a student as defined in 20 U.S.C. § 1087.

(2) “Student education loan” includes a loan that is extended in order to refinance or consolidate a consumer’s existing student education loans.
(3) “STUDENT EDUCATION LOAN” does not include, regardless of the purpose for the loan, a loan:

   (I) UNDER AN OPEN–END CREDIT PLAN AS DEFINED IN 12 C.F.R. § 1026.2; OR

   (II) THAT IS SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY, NOTWITHSTANDING ANY ELECTION OF LAW OR DESIGNATION OF STATUS IN ANY CONTRACT, USED FOR FINANCING POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION OR OTHER POSTSECONDARY SCHOOL–RELATED EXPENSES.

   (F) “STUDENT LOAN BORROWER” means a resident of the State who:

   (1) HAS RECEIVED OR AGREED TO PAY A STUDENT EDUCATION LOAN; OR

   (2) SHARES REPAYMENT RESPONSIBILITY WITH A RESIDENT DESCRIBED IN ITEM (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION.

   (G) (1) “STUDENT LOAN SERVICER” means a person, regardless of location, responsible for servicing a student education loan to a student loan borrower.

   (2) “STUDENT LOAN SERVICER” INCLUDES A TRUST ENTITY PERFORMING OR RECEIVING THE BENEFIT OF HAVING THE AUTHORITY TO CONTROL STUDENT LOAN SERVICING.

26–602.

(A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE REQUIRED BY FEDERAL LAW OR A COURT ORDER, A STUDENT LOAN SERVICER MAY NOT:

   (1) EMPLOY, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, ANY SCHEME, DEVICE, OR ARTIFICE TO MISLEAD A STUDENT LOAN BORROWER;

   (2) ENGAGE IN ANY UNFAIR, ABUSIVE, OR DECEPTIVE TRADE PRACTICE TOWARD ANY PERSON;

   (3) MISREPRESENT INFORMATION OR OMIT ANY MATERIAL INFORMATION IN CONNECTION WITH THE SERVICING OF A STUDENT EDUCATION LOAN, INCLUDING:

   (I) ANY FEE OWED BY A STUDENT LOAN BORROWER;
(II) Any payment due by a student loan borrower;

(III) The appropriateness or availability of a student loan borrower’s repayment options;

(IV) The terms and conditions of the student education loan; or

(V) The student loan borrower’s obligations under the student education loan;

(4) Obtain property by misrepresentation of fact or omission of material fact;

(5) Apply a payment from a student loan borrower to a student education loan in a manner detrimental to the student loan borrower on or after February 1, 2020, allocate a nonconforming payment in a manner other than as directed by the student loan borrower if, in writing or electronically, the student loan borrower:

   (I) Makes a one-time direction for the allocation of future payments;

   (II) Directs an allocation of a payment at the time the payment is made;

   (III) Directs an allocation in response to an inquiry by the student loan servicer; or

   (IV) Changes an existing direction for the allocation of future payments;

(6) Knowingly or recklessly misapply, or refuse to correct a misapplication of:

   (I) A payment from a student loan borrower; or

   (II) Except as otherwise required by federal law, a federal student education loan agreement, or a contract between the federal government and a student loan servicer, a nonconforming payment in a manner that was not requested by the student loan borrower;
(7) **Knowingly or recklessly provide inaccurate information to a consumer reporting agency, or refuse to correct inaccurate information provided to a consumer reporting agency;**

(8) **If a student loan servicer regularly reports information to a consumer reporting agency, fail to report the favorable history of a student loan borrower to a nationally recognized consumer reporting agency at least once a year;**

(9) **Subject to subsection (B) of this section, refuse to communicate with an authorized representative of a student loan borrower who provides a written authorization signed by the student loan borrower;**

(10) **Negligently make a false statement or omit a material fact in connection with any information report filed with, or any investigation conducted by, a state or local government agency; or**

(11) **Violate any federal law concerning student education loan servicing.**

(B) A student loan servicer may adopt procedures to verify that an authorized representative of a student loan borrower is, in fact, authorized to act on behalf of the student loan borrower.

(C) (1) A student loan servicer shall acknowledge receipt of a written inquiry or complaint from a student loan borrower or the authorized representative of a student loan borrower within 10 days after receiving the inquiry or complaint.

(2) **Unless a response to the written inquiry is included in the acknowledgment required under paragraph (1) of this subsection, a student loan servicer shall provide information responding to a written inquiry or complaint received under paragraph (1) of this subsection within 30 days after receiving the inquiry or complaint.**

(3) **If a written inquiry or complaint received under paragraph (1) of this subsection relates to a student loan borrower’s account balance, the information provided under paragraph (2) of this subsection shall:**

   (i) **State that the student loan servicer has corrected the account balance; or**
(II) Explain why the student loan servicer believes that the student loan borrower’s account is correct.

(D) If a student loan borrower requests a document concerning the account of the student loan borrower that is in the possession or control of a student loan servicer, the student loan servicer shall provide the document within 30 days after receiving the request.

(E) If a student loan servicer receives a nonconforming payment, the student loan servicer shall:

(1) Notify the student loan borrower that the payment is a nonconforming payment within 10 days after receiving the payment; and

(2) Ask the student loan borrower how the student loan borrower would like the student loan servicer to apply the nonconforming payment to the student loan borrower’s account.

26–603.

A violation of this subtitle is:

(1) An unfair, abusive, or deceptive trade practice within the meaning of Title 13 of the Commercial Law Article; and

(2) Subject to the enforcement and penalty provisions contained in Title 13 of the Commercial Law Article.

26–604.

(A) The Commissioner of Financial Regulation may enforce the provisions of this subtitle by exercising any of the powers provided under §§ 2–113 through 2–116 of the Financial Institutions Article.

(B) (1) The Commissioner of Financial Regulation may seek an injunction to prohibit a person who has engaged in or is engaging in a violation of this subtitle from engaging in or continuing to engage in the violation.

(2) The court may enter any order or judgment necessary to:
(I) Prevent the use by a person of a prohibited practice;

(II) Restore to a person any money or real or personal property acquired from the person by means of a prohibited practice; or

(III) Appoint a receiver in a case of a willful violation of this subtitle.

(3) In any action brought by the Commissioner of Financial Regulation under this subsection, the Commissioner is entitled to recover the costs of the action for the use of the State.

(C) The Commissioner of Financial Regulation may enforce the provisions of this subtitle by requiring a violator to take affirmative action to correct the violation, including the restitution of money or property to a person aggrieved by the violation.

(D) The Commissioner of Financial Regulation may:

(1) Investigate violations of this subtitle; and

(2) Aid any other unit of State government that has regulatory jurisdiction over the business activities of the violator.

(E) The Commissioner of Financial Regulation may cooperate in the investigation and prosecution of any violation of this subtitle with the Office of the Attorney General, the State’s Attorney, or any other unit of law enforcement.

Article – Financial Institutions

2–104.1.

[(h) On or before January 1 each year, the Commissioner shall report to the General Assembly, in accordance with § 2–1246 of the State Government Article, on:

(1) The implementation of the Student Loan Ombudsman and related provisions under this section; and

(2) The overall effectiveness of the Student Loan Ombudsman position.]

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(H) **The Student Loan Ombudsman may refer any complaint from student loan borrowers to the Commissioner for investigation under § 26-604 of the Education Article.**

11–610.

(c) The purpose of the Fund is to cover the direct and indirect costs of fulfilling the statutory and regulatory duties of the Commissioner and the State Collection Agency Licensing Board related to:

(14) Title 7, Subtitles 1, 3, 4, and 5 of the Real Property Article; [and]

(15) **Title 26, Subtitle 6 of the Education Article; and**

[(15)](16) Any other expense authorized in the State budget.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2019.

Approved by the Governor, May 13, 2019.