IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA ALEXANDRIA DIVISION

JUSTIN O'BRIEN, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

CLASS AND COLLECTIVE ACTION COMPLAINT

v.

SMOOTHSTACK, INC.,

Defendant.

Civil Action No.

Jury Trial Demanded

Plaintiff Justin O'Brien ("Plaintiff"), individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, by his attorneys, upon personal knowledge as to himself, and upon information and belief as to other matters, alleges as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. Defendant Smoothstack Inc. ("Smoothstack" or "Defendant") is an employeestaffing agency based in McLean, Virginia, that recruits aspiring information technology ("IT") professionals at the beginning of their career ("Recruits") with promises to help them launch their careers with paid training and work assignments with one of their clients, a Fortune 500 firm.¹

2. Instead, Recruits are subject to training that is unpaid or underpaid and tailored narrowly towards Smoothstack's own needs. And soon after they start the training, Recruits are trapped: pursuant to Smoothstack's Training Repayment Agreement Provision ("TRAP"), leaving the training before completing a mandatory billable hour requirement subjects Recruits to a crushing penalty upwards of \$24,000.

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About, Smoothstack, https://smoothstack.com/about/ (last visited Apr. 12, 2023).

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3. Once the training is completed, Recruits become consultants ("Consultants") and Smoothstack assigns them to work with Smoothstack clients. On assignment, Consultants earn wages that are approximately half of the market rate for their work. But yet again, Smoothstack ensures that its workers cannot leave to find a better-paying job. Like Recruits, Consultants are subject to a TRAP that requires them to pay upwards of \$24,000 if they resign before completing a mandatory billable hour requirement. If Smoothstack removes them from their assignment for any reason, Consultants are left to wait indefinitely for a new assignment while earning minimum wage.

4. This lawsuit seeks, first, on behalf of a putative class, to invalidate the unconscionable and unenforceable liquidated damages provision that Smoothstack requires its employees – all low-wage tech workers – to sign.

5. Second, on behalf of a putative collective, this lawsuit seeks unpaid wages and damages under the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"), 29 U.S.C. § 201 *et seq*, for minimum wages, overtime wages, unlawful kickbacks on wages, and violation of the FLSA's requirement that employers pay their workers wages "free and clear."

Third, this lawsuit seeks compensatory and punitive damages under the FLSA, 29
 U.S.C. § 215(a)(3) against Smoothstack for its unlawful retaliatory discharge of Plaintiff
 following his protected action of complaining about Smoothstack's unlawful wage scheme.

Smoothstack's Training Program.

7. At the start of employment, Smoothstack requires Recruits to undergo an "intensive" training program lasting approximately six months ("Training Program") covering programming and other IT skills.

8. During the Training Program, Recruits are required to attend presentations,

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lectures, and/or training sessions with Smoothstack trainers every weekday. Outside of these sessions, Smoothstack assigns the Recruits challenging and time-consuming assignments, which take many hours to complete. Smoothstack requires Recruits to complete these assignments on short deadlines, some with next-day turnaround and others which must be completed over the weekend.

9. Although Smoothstack claims to offer pay and full benefits during the Training Program on its website,² it does not, in fact, pay its Recruits *any* compensation for the first three weeks of the Training Program ("Unpaid Period"). Still, Recruits work very demanding hours, up to and beyond 80 hours in a workweek.

10. For the remaining five months of the Training Program (the "Underpaid Period"), Recruits continue to work very demanding hours, up to and beyond 80 hours in a week. However, Smoothstack only pays Recruits for a maximum of 40 hours per week, even if they actually work many more hours, which they typically do. During the Underpaid Period, Smoothstack pays Recruits the prevailing minimum wage in the state where they work.

11. Smoothstack boasts that its Training Program has just an 8% completion rate on its website to its clients, as if that number is competitive because of high-quality training.³ In reality, Recruits are overworked and underpaid for a subpar Training Program.

12. During the Unpaid Period, Smoothstack violates the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") by failing to pay Recruits any compensation for the work they perform. During the Underpaid Period, Smoothstack violates the FLSA by failing to pay Recruits for any of the hours worked in excess of 40 in a workweek, which must be paid at a premium overtime rate of 1.5

² *About*, Smoothstack, https://smoothstack.com/about/ (last visited Apr. 12, 2023).

³ *Clients*, Smoothstack, https://smoothstack.com/clients/ (last visited April 12, 2023).

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times their hourly rate.

13. Once a Recruit completes the Training Program and becomes a Consultant, they are available to take assignments with Smoothstack's clients in any of a variety of roles, such as software engineer, cybersecurity analyst, development operations engineer, or the like.

14. According to its website, Smoothstack deploys Consultants to work on assignments with Smoothstack's clients that are Fortune 500 companies, in order to "launch" the Recruit's career.⁴ Among the companies, it lists: Accenture, Capital One, Morgan Stanley, Bloomberg, Johnson & Johnson, and Verizon.⁵

15. Smoothstack controls when and whether to assign a Consultant to a particular client, including creating resumes for Consultants, marketing Consultants to clients, and arranging interviews.

16. Once on assignment with a Smoothstack client, Consultants earn approximately \$26.00 to \$31.00 per hour. When waiting for assignments, Consultants earn minimum wage and are not allowed to quit Smoothstack per the terms of the "TRAP" described below.

The TRAP: Smoothstack's Training Repayment Agreement Provision Obligates Consultants to Pay Smoothstack Tens of Thousands of Dollars if They Resign Before Completing 4,000 Hours of Client Work.

17. Shortly after hire, Smoothstack requires each Recruit to sign an agreement

("Training Agreement") governing their continued participation in the Training Program. See

Exhibit 1.

18. The Training Agreement is an adhesion contract presented on a take-it-or-leave-it

basis. It includes a Training Repayment Agreement Provision ("TRAP"). The TRAP obligates

⁴ *About*, Smoothstack, https://smoothstack.com/about/ (last visited Apr. 12, 2023).

⁵ *Clients*, Smoothstack, https://smoothstack.com/clients/ (last visited Apr. 12, 2023).

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the Recruit to bill 4,000 hours of client work – the equivalent of approximately two years of fulltime employment – before they are permitted to resign from Smoothstack ("Service Commitment Period"). If a Consultant resigns or is terminated for cause before the end of the Service Commitment Period, Smoothstack is entitled to require the Consultant to pay an outrageous penalty of \$23,875.00 (or, in some cases, more).

19. After completing the Training Program, and prior to placement on assignment with Smoothstack's clients, Smoothstack requires each Consultant to sign an employment agreement ("Employment Agreement") that governs the employment relationship. *See* Exhibit 2.

20. As with the Training Agreement, Smoothstack presents the Employment Agreement as an "all-or-nothing" offer that Consultants are required to accept in order to continue their employment with Smoothstack.

21. The Employment Agreement contains yet another TRAP, which provides that Consultants cannot resign or be terminated by Smoothstack before billing 4,000 hours to Smoothstack clients.

22. Smoothstack promises assignments with its Fortune 500 clients, and claims a 98% retention rate, but Consultants have no guarantee of steady employment. If a Consultant's assignment ends for any reason, and the Consultant has not met the 4,000-hour billable requirement, Smoothstack "benches" the Consultant, holding them in limbo until they can be reassigned ("Bench Status").

23. On Bench Status, Smoothstack pays Consultants the minimum wage and none of their hours count toward the 4,000-hour Service Commitment Period – but they cannot quit because of the TRAP.

24. Smoothstack's TRAP is unconscionable and an unenforceable liquidated damages

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penalty that puts Smoothstack's minimum-wage workforce in an untenable position. If a Consultant on Bench Status has not yet fulfilled their Service Commitment Period, they are functionally tied to a minimum wage position with Smoothstack indefinitely – because the only way for the Consultant to enter the job market is to put themself at risk of paying the TRAP penalty, which can have the economically devastating effect of undoing months or years of careful savings.

25. The TRAP also violates the Fair Labor Standards Act, because it functions as an unlawful kickback of wages to Smoothstack that brings employees' wages well below minimum wage – indeed, into negative numbers – if they leave their jobs before the Service Commitment Period is complete. Moreover, it means that Smoothstack is not paying employee wages unconditionally or "free and clear," as the FLSA requires. Rather, employees are paid only on the condition that they do not quit. If they do quit, the TRAP requires them to pay back their earned wages and then some.

26. Plaintiff and other Consultants have reason to fear that Smoothstack will enforce the TRAP if they try to leave. Upon information and belief, Smoothstack has brought litigation against its own employees several times to enforce the TRAP. *See, e.g., Smoothstack v. Crowell*, Nos. GV22006209, GV22012000 (Va. Gen. Dist. Ct.); *Smoothstack v. Hill*, No. GV22006208 (Va. Gen. Dist. Ct.); *Smoothstack v. Davtyan*, Nos. GV21010149, GV21015875 (Va. Gen. Dist. Ct.).

27. Smoothstack drags its own minimum wage employees into court even though, on information and belief, a Virginia state court recently ruled at trial that Smoothstack's TRAP is unconscionable and an unenforceable liquidated damages penalty under Virginia law in a case Smoothstack brought against a former Consultant under the TRAP. *Smoothstack v. Davtyan*,

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Nos. GV21010149, GV21015875 (Va. Gen. Dist. Ct.).

28. Despite this merits finding by a court, Smoothstack continues to require its Recruits and Consultants to agree to the TRAP on a take-it-or-leave it basis.

Plaintiff's Experience

29. Plaintiff is one of hundreds of Smoothstack employees who worked grueling hours at minimum wage, or no pay at all, and with no overtime wages, but was unable to seek out a better opportunity because of the TRAP.

30. Plaintiff applied for a job in Spring 2020 with Smoothstack because, after working a low-paying job at a call center for nearly a year, he believed that a job with Smoothstack would jumpstart a new career that would bring him better pay and benefits.

31. Indeed, Plaintiff saw Smoothstack's advertising that it offered programming assignments for pay starting at \$55,000 per year and was persuaded that working for Smoothstack would be a good career move.

32. Around the same time, the nation was starting to grapple with the harsh realities of the COVID-19 pandemic. In or around early April 2020, lockdowns shuttered businesses nationwide, forcing widespread layoffs and hiring freezes as the economy teetered on the edge of collapse. Plaintiff – like so many others during this time – found himself facing a historically bleak job market and he desperately needed the job with Smoothstack to be able to better support himself.

33. Unfortunately for Plaintiff, as detailed above, and more below, the job with Smoothstack came at a steep price.

34. He started the Unpaid Period of the Training Program and immediately began working extremely long hours, including overtime hours, none of which were paid. Smoothstack

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emphasized "grit" and told its Recruits things along the lines of: "you might have worked hard in college, but the real work starts now." Plaintiff was concerned about the demands, but he needed the job.

35. Approximately three weeks after Plaintiff started as a Recruit with Smoothstack, Smoothstack presented him with the Training Agreement to sign. *See* Exhibit 1.

36. As discussed above, and more below, the Training Agreement contained a TRAP, which functionally tied Plaintiff to Smoothstack for at least two years of work, or else he would be required to pay \$23,895.00, a sum of money he did not have.

37. Plaintiff immediately recognized the potential consequences that he faced under the TRAP, but Smoothstack presented the Training Agreement as an "all or nothing" offer that Plaintiff was required to accept in order to continue his employment with Smoothstack.

38. Plaintiff desperately needed the job to be able to support himself and eventually earn a livable wage and, at that point, had worked for Smoothstack for nearly three weeks without any compensation whatsoever. He felt that he had no choice but to sign the Training Agreement.

39. Plaintiff executed the Training Agreement on or around April 30, 2020, and continued with Smoothstack's Training Program.

40. Smoothstack subjected Plaintiff to grueling demands for the next five months, working around the clock on time-consuming assignments, which Smoothstack assigned, was aware of, and required him to do.

41. Despite the grueling demands, Plaintiff stuck with the Training Program. In or around October 2020, Smoothstack assigned him to work as a Junior Java Developer with Accenture Federal Service ("Accenture").

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42. In connection with this assignment, Smoothstack gave Plaintiff an Employment Agreement to sign. *See* Exhibit 2.

43. As with the Training Agreement, Smoothstack presented the Employment Agreement as an "all-or-nothing" offer that Plaintiff was required to accept in order to continue his employment with Smoothstack.

44. Plaintiff identified immediately that he *had* to sign – or else he would be in violation of the Training Agreement. This is because the TRAP in the Training Agreement bound Plaintiff to a Service Commitment Period of 4,000 hours of work *for a Smoothstack client*, which was not possible to perform until after he completed the Training Program.

45. Accordingly, Plaintiff had no choice but to sign the Employment Agreement or else be required to pay the \$23,895 penalty set forth in the Training Agreement.

46. Worse still, the Employment Agreement contained yet another TRAP, which provided that Plaintiff could not resign or be terminated for cause by Smoothstack before billing 4,000 hours to Smoothstack clients. Notably, the Service Commitment Period in the Employment Agreement was even more draconian than in the Training Agreement: the 4,000-hour requirement under the Employment Agreement was *billable* hours, whereas the Training Agreement contemplated both billable hours and Bench Status hours.

47. At the time Smoothstack provided Plaintiff with the Employment Agreement, Smoothstack had not paid him more than the minimum wage for nearly six months.

48. Without any other alternative, Plaintiff signed the Employment Agreement on or around October 20, 2020.

Plaintiff's Efforts to Resolve this Action and Smoothstack's Retaliation.

49. Plaintiff attempted over months to resolve his disputes with Smoothstack without

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resorting to litigation.

50. At every turn, Smoothstack has rejected Plaintiff's counsel's reasonable, goodfaith attempts to negotiate a class-wide settlement, including to toll the statute of limitations for him, the putative Class, and putative Collective Members, and in alarming fashion, ratcheted up the pressure on Plaintiff through inappropriate *ex parte* communications with Plaintiff before ultimately terminating him.

51. Plaintiff, through counsel, first sent correspondence to Smoothstack in November 2022 alerting it to Smoothstack's wage violations and the TRAP claim and inviting Smoothstack to negotiate a resolution on behalf of Plaintiff and a proposed collective and class.

52. Ten days later, at the request of Smoothstack's counsel, the parties spoke for the first time on a call, where Plaintiff's counsel proposed a negotiation strategy and, in the interim, requested tolling of the statute of limitations for Plaintiff and the putative class and collective.

53. Following that call, Defendant's counsel went silent. Despite Plaintiff's counsel's repeated efforts to reengage Smoothstack's counsel, Smoothstack instead began to take retaliatory actions against Plaintiff.

54. First, Smoothstack's Chief Operating Officer, Boris Kuiper, contacted Plaintiff out of the blue in late January and, outside of the presence of counsel, asked Plaintiff about his wage claims against the company, including estimates of how much he believed he was owed in unpaid wages and his view of the merits his claims.

55. Next, in early March, Smoothstack informed Plaintiff that it was removing him from his assignment with Accenture. Smoothstack placed Plaintiff on Bench Status and reduced his hourly rate from \$31.25 per hour to minimum wage. Under the terms of the Employment Agreement, his working hours did not count toward his 4,000-hour Service Commitment Period,

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so he could not consider leaving for a better paying job.

56. In response to each of these incidents, Plaintiff, through counsel, promptly contacted Smoothstack and expressed concerns that Smoothstack was retaliating against Plaintiff. Plaintiff also reiterated his interest in discussing settlement on behalf of himself and the proposed Class and Collective, attempting to reengage settlement negotiations. For weeks, Smoothstack failed to respond at all, and eventually simply refused to discuss a class settlement.

57. Left with no other option, on April 4, 2023, Plaintiff notified Smoothstack through counsel that he planned to file a class action lawsuit in the coming days.

58. In what can only be construed as retaliation, just three days later, on April 7,2023, Smoothstack terminated Plaintiff's employment.

THE PARTIES

Plaintiff Justin O'Brien

59. Plaintiff is an adult individual who is a resident of Fort Collins, Colorado.

60. Smoothstack hired Plaintiff as a Recruit on or around April 13, 2020.

61. From approximately April 2020 to October 2020, Plaintiff participated in Smoothstack's Training Program.

62. Throughout Plaintiff's employment in the Training Program, Plaintiff frequently worked more than 40 hours per week, including the weeks of April 20, 2020 and May 11, 2020.

63. During the Unpaid Period, Plaintiff worked on average approximately 80 hours per week.

64. During the Underpaid Period, Plaintiff worked on average approximately 80 hours per week.

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65. Pursuant to Smoothstack's policy and pattern or practice, Smoothstack did not pay Plaintiff any compensation during the Unpaid Period.

66. Pursuant to Smoothstack's policy and pattern or practice, Smoothstack did not pay Plaintiff overtime premium pay when he worked more than 40 hours in a workweek during the Training Program.

67. During the Underpaid Period, Plaintiff was paid minimum wage for 40 hours per week.

68. Plaintiff was paid 40 hours per week during the Underpaid Period regardless of how many hours he actually worked.

69. Plaintiff is a covered employee within the meaning of the FLSA.

70. A written consent form signed by Plaintiff is attached hereto as Exhibit 3.

71. Plaintiff executed the Training Agreement on or around April 30, 2020.

72. Plaintiff executed the Employment Agreement on or around October 20, 2020.

73. At the time Smoothstack provided Plaintiff with the Employment Agreement, Smoothstack was paying him the minimum wage for forty hours of work per week even if he worked in excess of 40, and had been doing so for months, since April 2020.

Defendant Smoothstack

74. Smoothstack's principal executive office is located in McLean, Virginia.

75. Smoothstack is a covered employer within the meaning of the FLSA.

76. At all times relevant, Smoothstack maintained control, oversight, and direction over Plaintiff and similarly situated employees, including with respect to the compensation, timekeeping, payroll, and other employment practices that applied to them.

77. Upon information and belief, Smoothstack applies the same employment policies,

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practices, and procedures to all Recruits and Consultants, including policies, practices, and procedures with respect to compensation.

78. At all times relevant, Smoothstack's annual gross volume of sales made or business done was not less than \$500,000.

79. Smoothstack executed a Training Agreement with Plaintiff on April 30, 2020 and an Employment Agreement with Plaintiff on October 20, 2020.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

80. This Court has original subject matter jurisdiction over the FLSA claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and supplemental jurisdiction over the state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.

81. Plaintiff's state law claims are so closely related to his FLSA claim that they form part of the same case or controversy under Article III of the United States Constitution.

82. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Smoothstack does business in this District and because some of the acts complained of and giving rise to the claims alleged occurred in and emanated from this District.

83. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because a substantial part of the events giving rise to the claims occurred in this District.

84. Venue is also proper because the parties contractually agreed to venue in Fairfax County, VA under the Training Agreement and the Employment Agreement, *see* Exhibits 1 and 2, and the Alexandria Division of this District covers Fairfax County.

FLSA COLLECTIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

85. Plaintiff brings the First, Second, Third, and Fourth Causes of Action, pursuant to the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), on behalf of Plaintiff and similarly situated co-workers

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nationwide who participate or participated in Defendant's Training Program and/or signed TRAPs between April 13, 2020, and the present and who elect to opt-in to this action (the "FLSA Collective").

86. Defendant is liable under the FLSA for, *inter alia*, failing to properly compensate Plaintiff and other putative members of the FLSA Collective ("Collective Members") during the Training Program (comprised of the Unpaid and Underpaid Periods), unlawfully requiring them to kick back their wages, and failing to pay wages free and clear.

87. Consistent with Defendant's policy and pattern or practice, Plaintiff and Collective Members are not paid a minimum wage for all hours worked during the Training Program.

88. During the Training Program, Plaintiff and Collective Members are covered employees under the FLSA and entitled to minimum and overtime wages.

89. Consistent with Defendant's policy and pattern or practice, Plaintiff and Collective Members are not paid an overtime premium when they work beyond 40 hours in a workweek during the Training Program.

90. All of the work that Plaintiff and Collective Members have performed has been assigned by Defendant and/or Defendant has been or should have been aware of all of the work that Plaintiff and Collective Members have performed.

91. The TRAP that Defendant requires Plaintiff and Collective Members to sign unlawfully requires them to kick back their earned wages to Defendant for training expenses that are primarily for Defendant's benefit if they leave or are fired for cause.

92. Defendant's requirement that Plaintiff and Collective Members pay back a portion of their wages to Defendant if they leave or are terminated for cause constitutes a failure to pay

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wages "free and clear," in violation of the FLSA.

93. Instead of paying wages "finally and unconditionally," Defendant pays wages to employees every pay period conditionally, subject to the requirement that they not leave their jobs.

94. As part of its regular business practice, Defendant has intentionally, willfully, and

repeatedly engaged in a pattern, practice, and/or policy of violating the FLSA with respect to

Plaintiff and Collective Members. This policy and pattern or practice includes, but is not limited to:

- (a) Willfully failing to pay Plaintiff and Collective Members minimum wage for hours that they worked during the Unpaid Period;
- (b) Willfully failing to pay Plaintiff and Collective Members overtime wages for hours that they worked in excess of 40 hours per workweek during the Unpaid and Underpaid Periods;
- (c) Willfully failing to record all of the time that its employees, including Plaintiff and Collective Members, have worked for the benefit of Defendant;
- (d) Willfully subjecting Plaintiff and Collective Members to unlawful kickbacks on their wages; and
- (e) Willfully failing to pay Plaintiff and Collective Members their wages free and clear.

95. Defendant is aware or should have been aware that federal law required it to pay Plaintiff and Collective Members minimum wage for regular hours worked and overtime premium for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours per workweek, as well as that it cannot take kickbacks on paid wages and wages must be paid free and clear.

96. Defendant's unlawful conduct has been widespread, repeated, and consistent.

97. There are many similarly situated current and former Recruits and Consultants

who have been subject to the above violations of the FLSA who would benefit from the issuance

of court-supervised notice of this lawsuit and the opportunity to join it.

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98. Similarly situated employees are known to Defendant, are readily identifiable, and can be located through Defendant's records.

99. Notice should be sent to the FLSA Collective pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

NATIONWIDE CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

100. Plaintiff brings the Fifth and Sixth Causes of Action, contract claims under Virginia law, under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on behalf of himself and a class of persons consisting of:

> All persons nationwide who work or have worked as a Recruit or Consultant for Defendant and signed a TRAP within the statute of limitations (the "Class").

101. Excluded from the Class are Defendant, Defendant's legal representatives, officers, directors, assigns, and successors, or any individual who has, or who at any time during the class period has had, a controlling interest in Defendant; the Judge(s) to whom this case is assigned and any member of the Judge(s)' immediate family; and all persons who will submit timely and otherwise proper requests for exclusion from the Class.

102. The members of the Class ("Class Members") are so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. Although the precise number of such persons is not known to Plaintiff, the facts on which the calculation of that number can be based are presently within the sole control of Defendant.

103. Upon information and belief, the size of the Class is at least 40 individuals.

104. Defendant has acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the Class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief or corresponding declaratory relief with respect to the Class as a whole.

105. Common questions of law and fact exist as to the Class that predominate over any

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questions solely affecting them individually and include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) whether Smoothstack's TRAP in the Training Agreement and the Employment Agreement is unconscionable;
- (b) whether the TRAP in the Training Agreement and the Employment Agreement is an unenforceable penalty;
- (c) the proper measure of damages and/or other forms of relief.

106. The claims of Plaintiff are typical of the claims of the Class he seeks to represent.

107. Smoothstack's Training Agreement and Employment Agreement have a Virginia choice of law provision. *See* Exhibit 1 at 3; Exhibit 2 at 12.

108. Plaintiff and Class Members work, or have worked, for Defendant as Recruits or Consultants who signed either a Training Agreement or an Employment Agreement, or both.

109. Plaintiff and Class Members enjoy the same statutory rights under Virginia law, including freedom from contracts of adhesion. Plaintiff and Class Members have all been injured in that they have entered into a contract containing one-sided terms that functionally ties them to Smoothstack indefinitely because, by way of example, if Defendant is unable to place them with a client, they must choose between minimum wage pay for an undefined period of time or paying the prohibitive penalty to leave the company.

110. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of Class Members. Plaintiff understands that as a class representative, he assumes a fiduciary responsibility to the class to represent its interests fairly and adequately. Plaintiff recognizes that as a class representative, he must represent and consider the interests of the Class just as he would represent and consider his own interests. Plaintiff understands that in decisions regarding the conduct of the litigation and its possible settlement, he must not favor his own interests over the Class. Plaintiff recognizes that any resolution of a class action lawsuit, including any

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settlement or dismissal thereof, must be in the best interests of the Class. Plaintiff understands that in order to provide adequate representation, he must be informed of developments in the litigation, cooperate with class counsel by providing them with information and any relevant documentary material in his possession, and testify at deposition and/or trial.

111. Plaintiff has retained counsel competent and experienced in complex class actions and employment litigation. There is no conflict between Plaintiff and Class Members.

112. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this litigation. Class Members have been damaged and are entitled to recovery as a result of Defendant's violations of Virginia law, as well as their common and uniform policies, practices, and procedures. In addition, class litigation is superior because it will obviate the need for unduly duplicative litigation that might result in inconsistent judgments about Defendant's practices.

113. This action is properly maintainable as a class action under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(b)(3).

COMMON COLLECTIVE FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

114. Plaintiff and Collective Members work or have worked for Defendant as Recruits and Consultants.

115. Defendant classifies Plaintiff and Collective Members as hourly non-exempt workers.

116. Plaintiff and Collective Members participate or participated in Smoothstack'sTraining Program.

117. Defendant's policy and practice is not to compensate Plaintiff and Collective Members for any hours during the Unpaid Period, regardless of the number of hours and overtime

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hours actually worked. *See* Exhibit 4 at 1 (stating "Do I get paid for the first three weeks? No, payment will start week 4 (pending acceptance of the Offer Letter and signed Training Agreement).").

118. Defendant's policy and practice is to compensate Plaintiff and Collective Members for 40 hours per week during the Underpaid Period, regardless of the amount of overtime hours actually worked. *See* Exhibit 4 at 1 ("Do I get paid for extra work on weekdays/weekends? No. Your hours are capped at 40 hours per week, including weekends.").

119. In actuality, while Plaintiff's and Collective Members' *pay* is capped at 40 hours of the minimum wage rate of pay per week, their *hours of work* are not capped. Accordingly, when Plaintiff and Collective Members work more than 40 hours of work, they earn less than the minimum wage and do not earn overtime pay for hours in excess of 40.

120. During Smoothstack's Training Program – in both the Unpaid Period and Underpaid Period – Plaintiff and Collective Members consistently work more than 40 hours per week.

121. Specifically, during the Training Program, Smoothstack requires Plaintiff and Collective Members to attend presentations, lectures, and/or training sessions with Smoothstack trainers for approximately one to two hours every weekday, for a total of approximately five to ten hours per week, and occasionally on holidays and the weekend.

122. The subject matter of the Training Program includes IT training, programming, and other technology skills.

123. As part of the Training Program, Smoothstack assigns challenging and timeconsuming assignments to Plaintiff and Collective Members, which take many hours to complete. When not attending presentations, lectures, and/or training sessions with Smoothstack trainers,

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Recruits are working around the clock to complete these assignments. Recruits also meet with Smoothstack trainers 1:1 to discuss their completed assignments and progress during the Training Period.

124. The assignments are typically writing code for a variety of different software programs. The assignments increase in size and complexity as the Training Program progresses, beginning with creating simple webpage interfaces with limited functionality or writing code for small programs and data bases using different programming languages, and then scaling up to more complicated, interactive programs and webpage interfaces, with both front-end and back-end capabilities.

125. At the start of the Training Program, Smoothstack frequently sets quick turnaround deadlines for assignments, sometimes within 24 hours. Upon information and belief, the submission deadlines are often at or around 12:00 a.m. so that Plaintiff and Collective Members can spend as much time as possible completing the assignments.

126. Smoothstack also gives Plaintiff and Collective Members assignments that they are required to complete over the weekend. At the beginning of the week, Plaintiff and Collective members often meet with Smoothstack trainers to discuss their weekend assignments.

127. By the end of the Training Program, Smoothstack's required assignments become so complex that Plaintiff and Collective Members are given several days or weeks to complete the assignments. They are required to give presentations on their completed assignments in front of their cohort of Recruits and trainers. Plaintiff and Collective Members are still assigned and expected to complete additional short-term assignments concurrently with the larger assignments.

128. Upon information and belief, Recruits do not obtain any credential, license, or degree upon completion of Smoothstack's Training Program.

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129. Smoothstack's Training Program curriculum is tailored to meet the needs of Smoothstack's corporate clients.

130. The specific techniques and skills covered during the Training Program are informed by what skill sets are highly in-demand within the industries Smoothstack's corporate clients served.

131. Smoothstack markets the techniques and skills covered during the TrainingProgram to its clients in order to secure placements for Recruits with one of their clients.

132. Smoothstack creates and revises Recruits' resumes prior to sending to Smoothstack's clients and, on information and belief, Smoothstack revises Recruits' resumes to present Smoothstack's training curriculum in a favorable light.

133. Additionally, upon information and belief, when drafting and revising Recruits' resumes to send to clients, Smoothstack often markets and advertises its Recruits as being trained on and possessing skills that are not covered during the Training Program.

134. Upon information and belief, Smoothstack designed its Training Program as an accelerated program in order to churn out Recruits as quickly as possible and to secure placements with its clients, which generates revenue for Smoothstack.

135. As a result, Smoothstack does not prepare and equip Recruits with a strong foundation and mastery of the skills and techniques covered during the Training Program.

136. Recruits are also frequently unable to complete their assignments using only the techniques and skills covered during the Training Program.

137. Instead, Recruits rely heavily on external sources, such as Google, to complete their assignments. Recruits' overreliance on external sources – more than is typical in the IT field – as

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well as a trial-and-error approach to completing assignments, is a substitute for Smoothstack actually training them on the fundamentals of the skills they needed to develop.

138. On information and belief, Smoothstack knew or should have known that Recruits are not trained on the techniques required to complete these assignments.

139. Defendant is aware that Plaintiff and Collective Members worked more than 40 hours per workweek, yet Defendant has failed to pay them an overtime premium for any of the hours worked over 40 in a workweek.

140. Throughout the Training Program, Plaintiff and Collective Members are expected to work the same general schedule from week to week, including attending all presentations, lectures, and/or training sessions with Smoothstack trainers, and working around the clock to complete assignments.

141. Throughout the Training Program, the schedule of Plaintiff and Collective Members does not vary significantly from week to week.

142. Defendant does not keep accurate records of hours worked by Plaintiff or Collective Members.

143. That is, although Plaintiff and Collective Members routinely work more than 40 hours, Defendant does not record those hours.

144. Due to Smoothstack's TRAP, Plaintiff and Collective Members are required to kick back wages to Smoothstack if they resign before completing the "Service Commitment Period," bringing Plaintiff and Collective Members' pay into the negative.

145. The TRAP provides that the penalty for leaving is intended to compensate Smoothstack for the costs of training, as well as "marketing[] and on-boarding," the "cost to train replacements, the cost associated with interruption of work on a project, loss of goodwill, and

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potentially, loss of income generating projects." See Exhibit 2 at 11; see also Exhibit 1 at 2.

146. These expenses are primarily for the benefit of the employer, and FLSA prohibits the employer from charging employees for them.

147. The effect of the TRAP is that every paycheck Plaintiffs and Collective Members receive is conditional on their remaining employed with the company through the following pay period. This failure to pay wages free and clear violates the FLSA.

COMMON CLASS FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

148. Smoothstack requires Recruits to sign a Training Agreement, *see* Exhibit 1, shortly after hire and, upon completion of the Training Program and placement with a Smoothstack client, requires Consultants to sign an Employment Agreement, *see* Exhibit 2.

149. Both the Training Agreement and the Employment Agreement contain TRAPs.

150. Upon information and belief, all Recruits and Consultants are subject to Smoothstack's TRAPs.

151. Upon information and belief, the Training Agreement requires Recruits to perform the "Service Commitment Terms" for the duration of the "Service Commitment Period." Exhibit 1 at 1.

152. Upon information and belief, under the Service Commitment Terms, Smoothstack requires Recruits to "put forth a good faith effort to perform during the entire duration of the Service Commitment Period all duties as required by [Smoothstack]." Exhibit 1 at 1.

153. The Service Commitment Period is 4,000 hours of work – approximately two years
– from the date of the Recruit's first assignment with a Smoothstack client.

154. The plain language of the Training Agreement does not require that the hours towards the Service Commitment Period be "billable" hours to a client.

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155. If the Recruit resigns for any reason, fails to fulfill the Service Commitment Terms, or Smoothstack terminates them for cause, the TRAP in the Training Agreement requires the Recruit to pay \$23,895 in "liquidated damages" to Smoothstack. Exhibit 1 at 2.

156. Upon information and belief, Smoothstack presents the Training Agreement as an "all or nothing" offer that Recruits are required to accept in order to continue their employment with Smoothstack.

157. Generally, the Training Agreements are presented to Recruits approximately three weeks after they have started working at Smoothstack, a period during which Smoothstack does not pay Recruits *any* compensation.

158. When Smoothstack places a Consultant with a client for an assignment, Smoothstack presents the Consultant with an Employment Agreement to sign. *See* Exhibit 2.

159. The Employment Agreement contains another TRAP, which provides that Consultants cannot resign or be terminated for cause by Smoothstack before billing 4,000 hours to Smoothstack clients.

160. Notably, the Service Commitment Period in the Employment Agreement is even more draconian than in the Training Agreement; the 4,000-hour requirement under the Employment Agreement is *billable* hours, whereas the Training Agreement simply contemplates hours of work, which could include Bench Status hours.

161. Upon information and belief, Smoothstack presents the Employment Agreement as an "all-or-nothing" offer that Consultants are required to accept in order to continue their employment with Smoothstack and earn more than minimum wage on an assignment with one of Smoothstack's clients.

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162. Consultants have no choice but to sign the Employment Agreement because they have already agreed to Smoothstack's TRAP in the Training Agreement.

163. Specifically, the TRAP in the Training Agreement cannot be performed until after the Training Program is complete, at which point the Consultant can begin counting hours towards the 4,000 Service Commitment Period. In fact, if Consultants refuse to sign the Employment Agreement, they would be in violation of the Training Agreement and forced to pay the \$23,895 penalty in the Training Agreement.

164. The Training Agreement and Employment Agreement are standard-form agreements.

165. Upon information and belief, Smoothstack created the Training Agreement and Employment Agreement with the assistance of sophisticated counsel.

166. Plaintiff and Class Members are in a significantly weaker bargaining position compared to Smoothstack with respect to the Training Agreement and the Employment Agreement.

167. The liquidated damages amount under the Training Agreement and Employment Agreement is a sum equal to multiple times the amount Smoothstack pays a given Recruit during the Training Period.

168. For example, if Smoothstack paid Consultants the federal minimum wage of \$7.25 per hour in 2020 when Plaintiff was a Consultant, for 40 hours a week, for 15 weeks, that amounts to \$4,350.00, which covers less than one fifth of what a Consultant would be forced to pay if Smoothstack enforced the liquidated damages penalty.

169. Upon information and belief, neither Plaintiff nor any Class Member could modify or change any of the terms in the Training Agreement or Employment Agreement prior to signing.

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170. The Employment Agreement provides that the "resources, time, and expenses" associated with "training, marketing, and on-boarding the Employee" have the "collective value of \$23,875." Exhibit 2 at 9.

171. In a later provision, the Employment Agreement provides that the \$23,875.00 "liquidated damages" payment, due in the event of breach, is intended to cover damages including "the cost to train replacements, the cost associated with interruption of work on a project, loss of goodwill, and, potentially, loss of income generating projects." Exhibit 2 at 11.

172. These costs are primarily for the benefit of the employer.

173. The Training Agreement provides that "the cost incurred by the Company in providing the Training to [a Recruit] is approximately \$23,895." Exhibit 1 at 1.

174. The "liquidated damages" provision under the Training Agreement provides that the \$23,895.00 payment, due in the event of breach, is for "any and all training costs" incurred by Smoothstack and is "necessary and reasonable for the Company's protection." Exhibit 1 at 2.

175. Upon information and belief, the liquidated damages amounts are far in excess of Smoothstack's actual damages incurred in the event a Recruit or Consultant resigns or is terminated for cause by Smoothstack prior to the expiration of the Service Commitment Period.

176. With respect to the cost of training, Plaintiff and Class Members attend or attended training sessions led by instructors for approximately five to ten hours per week.

177. These training sessions are group sessions, with multiple Recruits attending the same session at the same time.

178. Upon information and belief, since Spring 2020, all of these sessions have been conducted virtually by a live instructor.

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179. Upon information and belief, Smoothstack's Training Program does not vary significantly from program cohort to program cohort.

180. The vast majority of the time Plaintiff and the Class spent during the Training Program was on complex, time-consuming programming assignments required by Smoothstack, which cost nothing to Smoothstack.

181. Plaintiff and the Class use their own personal laptops and cellphones during the Training Period.

182. Upon information and belief, the actual cost of training to Smoothstack is far lower than the amount of the liquidated damages provision.

183. Smoothstack recruited and sold Recruits and Consultants the false hope that they would receive high-quality training and a prestigious job with a Fortune 500 company upon completion of the Training Program. Smoothstack's deceptive advertising falsely indicated the Plaintiff and Collective Members would receive proper compensation and benefits.

PLAINTIFF O'BRIEN'S INDIVIDUAL RETALIATION ALLEGATIONS

184. Upon completion of the Training Program, on or around October 20, 2020,Smoothstack placed Plaintiff with Accenture to work as a Junior Java Developer.

185. Plaintiff began working as a Junior Java Developer with Accenture on or aroundOctober 29, 2020.

186. Between approximately October 29, 2020 to January, 9, 2022, Smoothstack paid Plaintiff \$26.44 per hour for Plaintiff's work for Accenture, well below average market wage rate of \$46.46 for computer programmers.⁶

⁶ Occupational Employment and Wages, May 2021 – 15-1251 Computer Programmers, Bureau of Lab. Stats., https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes151251.htm (last updated Mar. 31, 2022).

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187. From January 10, 2022 to March 23, 2023, Smoothstack paid Plaintiff \$31.25 per hour for Plaintiff's work for Accenture.

188. Plaintiff performed his job duties for Accenture satisfactorily.

189. Accenture provided positive feedback regarding Plaintiff's job performance. On one occasion, Plaintiff's manager at Accenture told him during a check-in call that he was performing excellent work.

190. In fact, within just a few months, Accenture recognized Plaintiff's excellent technical capabilities and began treating him as a senior developer and assigning him to work on teams with the express instruction to assist other developers with their work.

191. Neither Smoothstack nor Accenture disciplined or reprimanded Plaintiff for performance issues or any other reason at any point during his employment with Smoothstack or his assignment with Accenture.

192. On November 14, 2022, through counsel, Plaintiff sent correspondence to Smoothstack alerting it to Smoothstack's wage violations and the TRAP claim and inviting Smoothstack to negotiate a resolution on behalf of Plaintiff and a proposed collective and class. Plaintiff requested a response from Smoothstack by December 5, 2022.

193. Ten days later, on December 15, 2022, counsel for Smoothstack contacted Plaintiff's counsel and notified them that he represented Smoothstack and requested a call.

194. After that call, Smoothstack went silent. On January 11, 2023, through counsel,Plaintiff contacted Smoothstack and requested a response regarding Plaintiff's claims.Smoothstack did not respond.

195. On January 24, 2023, through counsel, Plaintiff contacted Smoothstack again and requested a response. Smoothstack did not respond.

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196. On January 30, 2023, Smoothstack's Chief Operating Officer, Boris Kuiper, contacted Plaintiff out of the blue in late January and, outside of the presence of counsel, asked Plaintiff about his wage claims against the company, including estimates of how much he believed he was owed in unpaid wages and his view of the merits his claims.

197. Before this conversation, Plaintiff had never spoken with Mr. Kuiper before.

198. Before this conversation, Plaintiff had never directly interacted with Mr. Kuiper in any aspect of his training or work with Smoothstack.

199. It is unusual that a C-Suite Executive for Smoothstack would contact a Recruit or Consultant to discuss hours worked or compensation.

200. Upon information and belief, Mr. Kuiper's *ex parte* phone call to Plaintiff was an attempt by Smoothstack to intimidate and harass Plaintiff for complaining about his unpaid wages and/or to pressure Plaintiff to conceding facts relating to his claim, such as the amount he is entitled to in damages.

201. On January 31, 2023, through counsel, Plaintiff contacted Smoothstack to discuss Mr. Kuiper's *ex parte* phone call to Plaintiff. Counsel for both parties spoke by phone on February 1, 2023.

202. During that phone call, the parties discussed Mr. Kuiper's *ex parte* phone call and Plaintiff's concerns regarding retaliation. Plaintiff again requested a response from Smoothstack regarding his claims.

203. On February 17, 2023, Plaintiff, through counsel, contacted Smoothstack yet again, requesting a response on his claims, and provided information regarding Smoothstack's litigation and liability exposure. Smoothstack did not respond.

204. Instead, on March 6, 2023, Smoothstack informed Plaintiff that he was being

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removed from his assignment with Accenture.

205. The effect of Smoothstack's removal of Plaintiff from his assignment was that Smoothstack converted Plaintiff to Bench Status, which meant that Plaintiff no longer had an assignment with a Smoothstack client.

206. On Bench Status, Smoothstack no longer paid Plaintiff the hourly rate he earned while working for Accenture, which was \$31.25 per hour, and instead Smoothstack decreased his pay to the minimum wage.

207. In March and April 2023, the Colorado minimum wage was \$13.65.

208. On Bench Status, Plaintiff could not bill hours towards his 4,000-hour Service Commitment Period because, under the terms of the Employment Agreement, Plaintiff was not billing a Smoothstack client for an assignment.

209. Despite the fact that Smoothstack was only paying Plaintiff minimum wage – and made no guarantee that it would secure another assignment for Plaintiff with another client – Plaintiff could not resign to look for a better paying job because of Smoothstack's TRAP.

210. Upon information and belief, Smoothstack removed Plaintiff from the Accenture assignment – decreasing his pay and converting him to Bench Status indefinitely – because he complained to Smoothstack regarding his unpaid wages.

211. On March 7, 2023, through counsel, Plaintiff again contacted Smoothstack raising concerns that it was retaliating against Plaintiff by removing him from the Accenture assignment. Plaintiff also requested a response from Smoothstack on his demand letter, which, at this point, had been sent nearly four months prior and Smoothstack had not provided any substantive response.

212. Plaintiff's last day on the Accenture assignment was on or around March 23,

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2023, at which point he began a period of Bench Status with Smoothstack.

213. Despite Plaintiff's repeated appeals – for months – Smoothstack rejected all attempts to negotiate a class-wide settlement, including to toll the statute of limitations for him, the Class, and putative Collective Members.

214. Left with no other option, on April 4, 2023, Plaintiff notified Smoothstack through counsel that he planned to file a class action lawsuit in the coming days.

215. Just three days later, on April 7, 2023, Smoothstack terminated Plaintiff's employment.

216. Upon information and belief, Smoothstack terminated Plaintiff's employment because he complained to Smoothstack regarding his unpaid wages.

<u>FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION</u> Fair Labor Standards Act: Minimum Wages (Brought on behalf of Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective)

217. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

218. Defendant has engaged in a widespread pattern and practice of violating the FLSA, as described in this Complaint.

219. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and other similarly situated current and former employees were engaged in commerce and/or the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§ 206(a) and 207(a).

220. At all relevant times, Defendant employed Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective.

221. The minimum wage provisions set forth in 29 U.S.C. § 201 *et seq.* of the FLSA apply to Defendant.

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222. At all relevant times, Defendant has been an employer engaged in commerce and/or the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§ 206(a) and 207(a).

223. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective were employees within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§ 203(e) and 207(a).

224. Defendant failed to pay Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective the minimum wages to which they are entitled under the FLSA.

225. Defendant's violations of the FLSA have been willful and intentional. Defendant failed to make a good faith effort to comply with the FLSA with respect to its compensation of Plaintiff and other similarly situated current and former employees.

226. Because Defendant's violations of the FLSA have been willful, a three-year statute of limitations applies, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 255.

227. As a result of Defendant's willful violations of the FLSA, Plaintiff and all other similarly situated employees have suffered damages by being denied minimum wages in accordance with 29 U.S.C. §§ 201 *et seq*.

228. As a result of the unlawful acts of Defendant, Plaintiff and other similarly situated current and former employees have been deprived of minimum wage compensation and in amounts to be determined at trial, and are entitled to recovery of such amounts, liquidated damages, prejudgment interest, attorneys' fees, costs and other compensation pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

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SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION Fair Labor Standards Act: Overtime Wages (Brought on behalf of Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective)

229. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

Defendant has engaged in a widespread pattern and practice of violating the
 FLSA, as described in this Complaint.

231. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and other similarly situated current and former employees were engaged in commerce and/or the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§ 206(a) and 207(a).

232. At all relevant times, Defendant employed Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective.

233. The overtime wage provisions set forth in 29 U.S.C. §§ 201 *et seq.* of the FLSA apply to Defendant.

234. At all relevant times, Defendant has been an employer engaged in commerce and/or the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§ 206(a) and 207(a).

235. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective were employees within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§ 203(e) and 207(a).

236. Defendant failed to pay Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective the overtime wages to which they are entitled under the FLSA.

237. Plaintiff and other similarly situated current and former employees do not qualify for any FLSA exemption because they are not paid on a salary basis, are paid less than the threshold to qualify for an exemption, 29 U.S.C. § 213(a)(17), and do not perform exempt job duties.

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238. Defendant's violations of the FLSA have been willful and intentional. Defendant failed to make a good faith effort to comply with the FLSA with respect to its compensation of Plaintiff and other similarly situated current and former employees.

239. Because Defendant's violations of the FLSA have been willful, a three-year statute of limitations applies, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 255.

240. As a result of Defendant's willful violations of the FLSA, Plaintiff and all other similarly situated employees have suffered damages by being denied overtime wages in accordance with 29 U.S.C. §§ 201 *et seq*.

241. As a result of the unlawful acts of Defendant, Plaintiff and other similarly situated current and former employees have been deprived of overtime compensation and other wages in amounts to be determined at trial, and are entitled to recovery of such amounts, liquidated damages, prejudgment interest, attorneys' fees, costs and other compensation pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

<u>THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION</u> <u>Fair Labor Standards Act: Illegal Kickback</u> (Brought on behalf of Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective)

242. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

243. Defendant has engaged in a widespread pattern and practice of violating the FLSA, as described in this Complaint.

244. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and other similarly situated current and former employees were engaged in commerce and/or the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§ 206(a) and 207(a).

245. At all relevant times, Defendant employed Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective.

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246. The overtime wage provisions set forth in §§ 201 *et seq*. of the FLSA apply to Defendant.

247. At all relevant times, Defendant has been an employer engaged in commerce and/or the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§ 206(a) and 207(a).

248. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective were employees within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§ 203(e) and 207(a).

249. Repayment of alleged costs under the TRAP that Defendant has imposed on Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective, including costs of training employees, training replacements, marketing and on-boarding employees, the costs of interruption of work on a project, loss of goodwill, and loss of income-generating projects, is an illegal kickback of wages to Defendant, because these costs are primarily for Defendant's benefit.

250. Kicking back these costs to Defendant takes employees' wages below minimum wage, resulting in a minimum wage violation.

251. Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective were not paid at least the minimum wage for all hours worked, because they were required to kick back those wages to Defendant under the TRAP.

252. Defendant's violations of the FLSA have been willful and intentional. Defendant failed to make a good faith effort to comply with the FLSA with respect to its compensation of Plaintiff and other similarly situated current and former employees.

253. Because Defendant's violations of the FLSA have been willful, a three-year statute of limitations applies, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 255.

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254. Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective are entitled to recover unpaid minimum wages plus an additional equal amount in liquidated damages and declaratory relief that the purported costs of the debt are not reimbursable pursuant to the FLSA, costs of suit, and reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

<u>FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION</u> <u>Fair Labor Standards Act: Failure To Pay Wages Free and Clear</u> (Brought on behalf of Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective)

255. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

256. Defendant has engaged in a widespread pattern and practice of violating the FLSA, as described in this Complaint.

257. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and other similarly situated current and former employees were engaged in commerce and/or the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§ 206(a) and 207(a).

258. At all relevant times, Defendant employed Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective.

259. The overtime wage provisions set forth in §§ 201 *et seq*. of the FLSA apply to Defendant.

260. At all relevant times, Defendant has been an employer engaged in commerce and/or the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§ 206(a) and 207(a).

261. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective were employees within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§ 203(e) and 207(a).

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262. Defendant violated 29 U.S.C. § 206 by unlawfully requiring Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective to repay their earned and taxed wages to Defendant once their employment with Defendant ended (including under some circumstances if Defendant chose to fire them).

263. Rather than paying Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective their wages "free and clear," Defendant maintained and enforced a policy under which the wages paid to employees during every pay period were paid conditionally, subject to the requirement that they not leave their jobs. If they did leave their jobs, they would have to repay all of the wages earned during the pending pay period, plus tens of thousands of additional dollars.

264. By requiring Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees to return their wages to Defendant if they left their jobs, Defendant failed to pay wages "finally and unconditionally," as required by the FLSA.

265. Because Defendant failed to pay wages "finally and unconditionally," Defendant cannot be deemed to have met the wage requirements of the FLSA, which includes the requirement to pay no less than the federal minimum wage for each hour worked free and clear.

266. Defendant's violations of the FLSA have been willful and intentional. Defendant failed to make a good faith effort to comply with the FLSA with respect to its compensation of Plaintiff and other similarly situated current and former employees.

267. Because Defendant's violations of the FLSA have been willful, a three-year statute of limitations applies, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 255.

268. Plaintiff and others similarly situated are entitled to recover all unpaid minimum wages plus an additional equal amount in liquidated damages, costs of suit, and reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

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FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION Virginia Common Law: Unconscionable Contract Provision (Brought on Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class)

269. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

270. A contract provision is unconscionable when it reflects an inequitable and unconscionable bargain sufficient to shock the conscience.

271. Contracts of adhesion, specifically, are unconscionable and therefore invalid under Virginia law if they contain one-sided terms that put an unfair obligation on the party in a weaker bargaining position.

272. Smoothstack's TRAP is an unconscionable contract provision.

273. The inequality created by Smoothstack's TRAP provision is so gross as to shock the conscience.

274. Plaintiff and the Class have been harmed by this unlawful penalty, as set forth above. They seek a declaration that the TRAP is unconscionable and void, injunctive relief, costs and necessary attorney's fees, and all other relief available under Virginia law.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION Virginia Common Law: Unenforceable Contract Provision (Brought on Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class)

275. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

276. Liquidated damages clauses constitute unenforceable penalties when they fail to meet either of the following requirements: (1) the damages resulting from the breach are susceptible to definite measurement; or (2) the stipulated damages are in excess of the actual damages suffered by the nonbreaching party.

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277. Smoothstack's TRAP is an unenforceable penalty. The harm caused by Recruits and Consultants who leave Smoothstack before fulfilling the 4,000-hour Service Commitment Period is susceptible to definite measurement.

278. Further, the amount of liquidated damages in the TRAP is in excess of the actual damages suffered by Smoothstack.

279. Plaintiff and the Class have been harmed by this unlawful penalty, as set forth above. They seek a declaration that the TRAP is unlawful and unenforceable against them, an award equal to actual damages sustained (including but not limited to the monies that the Class has paid to Smoothstack under the TRAP, or to any collections agency on Smoothstack's behalf), injunctive relief, costs and necessary attorney's fees, and all other relief available under Virginia law.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION Fair Labor Standards Act - Retaliation (Brought on Behalf of Plaintiff Individually)

280. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

281. The FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 215(a)(3), prohibits retaliation against employees who complain about an employer's wage practices.

282. Plaintiff complained to Defendant about his and putative Collective Members' unpaid minimum and overtime wages.

283. After and as a result of Plaintiff's complaints, on or around March 24, 2023, Defendant retaliated against him by removing him from his contract with Accenture and reducing his wages from \$31.25 per hour to minimum wage.

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284. After and as a result of Plaintiff's complaints, on or around April 7, 2023, Defendant retaliated against him by terminating his employment.

285. Defendant's retaliatory conduct was in direct violation of 29 U.S.C. § 215(a)(3) and, as a direct result, Plaintiff has been damaged.

286. Plaintiff is entitled to compensatory and punitive damages under the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 215(a)(3) against Smoothstack for its unlawful retaliatory discharge, declaratory relief that Defendant's conduct violated the FLSA, costs of suit, and reasonable attorneys' fees under the FLSA.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all other similarly situated persons, seeks the following relief:

A. Conditional Certification of this collective action pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) of the FLSA and that, at the earliest possible time, Plaintiff be allowed to give notice of this collective action, or that the Court issue such notice, to all Recruits and Consultants and similarly situated employees who are presently, or have at any time since April 13, 2020, up through and including the date of this Court's issuance of court-supervised notice, worked for Smoothstack. Such notice shall inform them that this civil action has been filed, of the nature of the action, and of their right to join this lawsuit if they believe they were denied proper wages;

B. Unpaid minimum wages and an additional and equal amount as liquidated damages pursuant to the FLSA and the supporting United States Department of Labor regulations;

C. Unpaid overtime pay and an additional and equal amount as liquidated damages pursuant to the FLSA and the supporting United States Department of Labor regulations;

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D. Certification of the Class pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure;

E. Designation of Plaintiff as a Class Representative for the Class and counsel of record as Class Counsel;

F. Issuance of a declaratory judgment that the practices complained of in Counts I through IV, and VII of this Complaint are unlawful;

G. Issuance of a declaratory judgment that the provision complained of in Counts V and VI of this Complaint is void, or in the alternative, unenforceable;

H. Award Plaintiff backpay, damages and equitable relief, including restitution, reinstatement, and disgorgement, in an amount subject to proof at trial;

I. Pre-judgment interest and post-judgment interest;

J. Appropriate equitable and injunctive relief to remedy violations, including preliminarily and permanently enjoining Defendant and its officers, agents, successors, employees, representatives, and any and all persons acting in concert with them from engaging in the unlawful practices set forth in this Complaint;

K. A reasonable service award for Plaintiff to compensate him for the time and effort he has spent and will spend protecting the interests of putative Class and Collective Members, and the risks he is undertaking;

L. Reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of the action; and

M. Such other relief as this Court shall deem just and proper.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Dated: April 13, 2023

Respectfully submitted,

By: Molly A G

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Persis Yu** Khandice Lofton*** **Student Borrower Protection Center** (a fiscally sponsored project of the Shared Ascent Fund)

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*Pro hac vice application forthcoming

** *Pro hac vice* application forthcoming. Not yet admitted to the Bar of the District of Columbia, but admitted to practice law in Massachusetts and New York. Practice limited to federal court matters.

*** *Pro hac vice* application forthcoming. Not admitted to the Bar of the District of Columbia, but admitted to practice law in Ohio and West Virginia. Practice limited to federal court matters.

Attorneys for Plaintiff, the Putative FLSA Collective, and the Putative Class

JS 44 (Rev. 04/21) Case 1:23-cv-00491 Deervent dove 2000 Page 1 of 2 Page 1 of 2 Page 1 df 2 Page 1 df

	. This form, approved by the	ne Judicial Conference of						
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDANTS	DEFENDANTS				
JUSTIN O'BRIEN, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated.			SMOOTHSTAC	SMOOTHSTACK, INC.				
(b) County of Residence of		arimer County	County of Residence	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant Fairfax County				
(E2	XCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA			(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES O	NLY)			
				NDEMNATION CASES, USE TH OF LAND INVOLVED.	HE LOCATION OF			
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, J	Address, and Telephone Numbe	r)	Attorneys (If Known)	Zach Miller, Attorney McClanahan Powers, PLLC				
				3160 Fairview Park Drive, Suite 410)			
See Attachment			1	Falls Church, VA 22042 Phone: (703) 520-1326 Fax: (703) 828-0205				
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X" in	One Box Only)	II. CITIZENSHIP OF PI	RINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff			
1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	X 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government)	Not a Party)	(For Diversity Cases Only) P Citizen of This State					
2 U.S. Government Defendant	4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenshi	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	2 2 Incorporated <i>and</i> P of Business In A				
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 3 Foreign Nation	6 6			
IV. NATURE OF SUIT			-	Click here for: Nature of S	1			
CONTRACT		RTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES			
110 Insurance 120 Marine	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury -	625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881	422 Appeal 28 USC 158 423 Withdrawal	375 False Claims Act 376 Qui Tam (31 USC			
130 Miller Act	315 Airplane Product	Product Liability	690 Other	28 USC 157	3729(a))			
140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment	Liability 320 Assault, Libel &	367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical		INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS	400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust			
& Enforcement of Judgment	Slander	Personal Injury		820 Copyrights	430 Banks and Banking			
151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted	330 Federal Employers' Liability	Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal		830 Patent 835 Patent - Abbreviated	450 Commerce 460 Deportation			
Student Loans	340 Marine	Injury Product		New Drug Application	470 Racketeer Influenced and			
(Excludes Veterans)	345 Marine Product Liability	Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY	LABOR	840 Trademark 880 Defend Trade Secrets	Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit			
of Veteran's Benefits	350 Motor Vehicle	370 Other Fraud	▼ 710 Fair Labor Standards	Act of 2016	(15 USC 1681 or 1692)			
160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract	355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal	Act 720 Labor/Management	SOCIAL SECURITY	485 Telephone Consumer Protection Act			
195 Contract Product Liability	360 Other Personal	Property Damage	Relations	861 HIA (1395ff)	490 Cable/Sat TV			
196 Franchise	Injury 362 Personal Injury -	385 Property Damage Product Liability	740 Railway Labor Act 751 Family and Medical	862 Black Lung (923) 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))	850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange			
	Medical Malpractice	Floduct Liability	Leave Act	864 SSID Title XVI	890 Other Statutory Actions			
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITIONS	790 Other Labor Litigation	865 RSI (405(g))	891 Agricultural Acts			
210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure	440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting	Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee	791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act	FEDERAL TAX SUITS	893 Environmental Matters 895 Freedom of Information			
230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	442 Employment	510 Motions to Vacate		870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff	Act			
240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability	443 Housing/ Accommodations	Sentence 530 General		or Defendant) 871 IRS—Third Party	896 Arbitration 899 Administrative Procedure			
290 All Other Real Property	445 Amer. w/Disabilities -	535 Death Penalty	IMMIGRATION	26 USC 7609	Act/Review or Appeal of			
	Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities -	Other: 540 Mandamus & Other	462 Naturalization Application 465 Other Immigration		Agency Decision 950 Constitutionality of			
	Other	550 Civil Rights	Actions		State Statutes			
	448 Education	555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee -						
		Conditions of						
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in	n One Por Onto)	Confinement						
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VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	Brief description of ca		nd overtime wages, illegal kickba unenforceable contract under Vi		and clear under the FLSA;			
VII. REQUESTED IN	CHECK IF THIS	IS A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$ UNKNOWN	0	if demanded in complaint:			
COMPLAINT:	UNDER RULE 2			JURY DEMAND:				
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER				
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RECEIPT # AN	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUE	Л <u>Е</u>			

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Exhibit 1

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TRAINING AGREEMENT

This Training Agreement (the "Agreement") is entered into by and between Justin J O'Brien ("Associate") and SmoothStack Inc. ("SmoothStack" or the "Company").

WHEREAS, Associate acknowledges that the Company intends to provide Associate specialized training in computer coding for Associate's benefit and compensate Associate during such training; and

WHEREAS, Associate acknowledges that the Company has a substantial interest in Associate's continued employment to benefit from the specialized training provided and would not expend the time and expense of training except for Associate's agreement to continue employment; and

WHEREAS, Associate acknowledges that the Company will expend funds in providing specialized training to Associate during Associate's employment; and

WHEREAS, as consideration for the personal benefit Associate will receive from the training provided and paid for by the Company, it is agreed as follows

Austin O Brien SIGNATURE The Company will provide Associate an immersive, industryaligned, coding Training Program ("Training" or the "Training Program") that typically lasts at least 14-15 weeks. The Company reserves the right to change the length of the Training Program, depending on the Associate's comprehension of the materials and/or requirements and availability of Company client opportunities. Associate acknowledges that the cost incurred by the Company in providing the Training to an Associate is approximately \$23,895 ("Training Cost"). In the event that the Company extends the training period beyond the 14-15-week period, the Training Cost will not be increased.

2. If Associate elects to continue in the Training Program beyond the Option Day (as defined below), Associate understands, accepts, and commits to the following service commitment terms ("Service Commitment Terms") which are valid from the Option Day and shall continue in full force and effect until 4000 hours (24 months) following the start date of Associate's first work assignment ("Work Assignment") with the Company client (the "Service Commitment Period"):

a) Option Day shall be defined as the 15th calendar day following the commencement of the Training Program.

b) Associate agrees to put forth a good faith effort to perform during the entire duration of the Service Commitment Period all duties as required by Company and/or Company client that are reasonable and are customarily performed by a person holding a similar position.

Fustin O'Brien

SIGNATURE Associate agrees to relocation for Work Assignments to be located within the contiguous United States. Associate will not decline relocation for Work Assignment.

d) Associate reiterates and confirms that the Background Check and Drug Free Workplace Policies prohibit drug use and requires clear background checks throughout the duration of the Service Commitment Period. Self-reporting of any incidents shall be directed to the Human Resources Department to address.

e) Associate reiterates and confirms that Associate will immediately decline to consider, discuss and/or accept any offers for full-time or part-time employment, or enter any contractual or consulting agreement with Company's customer, client, vendor, sub-vendor or alternate employer during the Service Commitment Period

f) Associate agrees to NOTIFY COMPANY IN WRITING WITHIN 24 HOURS IF, AS DESCRIBED ABOVE, ANY SOLICITATION OR OFFER IS PRESENTED, DISCUSSED OR BEING PREPARED DURING THE TERMS OF THE SERVICE COMMITMENT PERIOD.

g) Associate reiterates and confirms that Associate is only permitted to accept an offer for employment or enter any contractual or consulting agreement with Company's customer, client, vendor, sub-vendor or alternate employer with explicit written authorization from Company. Associates who violate this provision will be considered in breach of this Agreement.

h) If Associate is granted explicit written authorization as described in Section 2(g) above, the Service Commitment Terms shall continue in full force and effect for the duration of Service Commitment Terms. A release to work is not considered a release of Service Commitment Terms. Associate agrees that the Company may assign this Agreement to a Company customer, client, vendor, sub-vendor or alternate employer.

i) Associate confirms and agrees to abide by Smoothstack's standards of decency, and all employment policies and practices as outlined in the Employee Handbook.

3. Associates who fail to perform obligations specified in Section 2 of Agreement, who resign from the Company, or who are terminated for "Cause" (as defined below) at any time during the Service Commitment Period are considered in breach of this Agreement. Associate acknowledges that any breach or threatened breach of this Agreement will result in irreparable harm to Company and/or Company clients. In the event of breach of this Agreement, Company will take action to protect Company rights under this Agreement and any applicable law.

Further, if the Associate fails to perform obligations specified in Section 2 of Agreement, resigns from the Company, and/or is are terminated for "Cause" (as defined below) at any time during the Service Commitment Period, or if the Associate otherwise breaches this Agreement, the Company may, in the Company's discretion, seek liquidated damages with respect to any and all training costs incurred by the Company in the amount of \$23,895.00, in addition to any other remedies to which the Company is legally entitled. The Associate acknowledges that the foregoing liquidated damages clause, when so elected by the Company, is necessary and reasonable for the Company's protection and that the amount claimed as liquidated damages is not a penalty.

4. For purposes of this Agreement, termination for "Cause" shall mean termination resulting from the Associate's: (a) material act of personal dishonesty; (b) fraud, embezzlement or theft; (c) willful failure (as determined by the Company in its discretion) to perform those lawful duties that Associate is required to perform by the Company or a Company client; (d) willful misconduct that causes damage to Company property, its reputation, products, services, clients, or customers; (e) conviction of, or final, duly entered and recorded plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, a misdemeanor (other than vehicular misdemeanors or other misdemeanors of an insubstantial nature) or a felony (or the equivalent thereof in a jurisdiction other than the United States); (f) intentional violation of any law or regulation related in any manner to Associate's job; (g) knowing disregard of a Company policy Page 2 of 4

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and/or a policy of the Company's client; (h) unauthorized disclosure of trade secret or confidential information of the Company and/or the Company's client; and (i) material breach of any term of this Agreement.

5. In the case of Associate's departure described in Section 3 above, Associate hereby authorizes the following: (i) the deduction to any final pay owing to Associate of any amount calculated to be owed under this Agreement (except to the extent prohibited by federal or state minimum wage laws); and (ii) the deduction to any final pay owing to Associate of any accrued unused paid time off that might otherwise be paid to Associate under Company policy.

6. In the event that the Associate breaches this Agreement, the Company shall be entitled to its costs, including reasonable attorney's fees, from the Associate, incurred as a result of such breach.

7. Associate's employment under this Agreement may be terminated by the Company at any time and for any reason, so long as not in violation of any applicable law. Further, the Company specifically reserves the right to discontinue Associate's participation in the Training Program at any time without Cause.

Austin O Brien SIGNATURE In some instances, Associate, with the direction and consent support with a customer of Smoothstack. of Smoothstack, may be offered and may accept employment with a customer of Smoothstack. In such cases, Associate agrees that Smoothstack may either: (i) assign this Agreement to such customer, and such customer may have full right to enforce the terms hereof; or (ii) continue to hold the obligations of Associate under this Agreement to complete the Service Commitment Period. Associate will be provided with Training Agreement Addendum clearly stating the pertinent terms of such Assignment.

Austin O Brien SIGNATURE Associate expressly recognizes that the terms and Agreement are conditions confidential in nature. Associate shall not directly or indirectly divulge, communicate, display, publish, or reveal the terms of this Agreement, except as required by law. Associate may, however, disclose this Training Agreement to his/her immediate family members and/or his/her attorney.

10. Associate also acknowledges that Associate has had sufficient time to examine this Agreement, including an opportunity to consult with an attorney about this Agreement and that Associate fully understands the contents herein.

11. This Agreement will be interpreted in accordance with Virginia law, and Associate agrees to personal jurisdiction in the state or federal courts located in Fairfax County, Virginia for any actions to enforce this agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have duly executed this Agreement as of the date first written below.

<u>Electronic Signatures</u>. Each party agrees that the electronic signatures of the parties included in this Agreement are intended to authenticate this writing. Further, each party agrees that an electronic signature shall be deemed valid and enforceable to the same extent as if the parties had manually signed the agreement. "Electronic signature" means any electronic sign, symbol, or process attached to or logically associated with a record and executed and adopted by a party with the intent to sign such record.

SMOOTHSTACK INC.

ASSOCIATE

Signature

Signature

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Layan Abla

Justin O'Brien

Layan Abla HR Manager 04/30/2020

Justin J O'Brien 04/30/2020

Exhibit 2



This Employment Agreement ("Agreement") is made effective the date below ("Effective Date") between Smoothstack Inc. (the "Company") and the following person (the "Employee" or "You") (jointly the "Parties").

Employee's Name:	Justin O'Brien
Address:	
SSN:	
Effective Date:	

This Agreement replaces and supersedes all earlier agreements between the Parties and comprises the total understanding between the Parties.

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Company is engaged in the business of information technology design, development, and staffing;

WHEREAS, the Employee is a highly skilled and experienced information technology professional; and

WHEREAS, the Employee desires to be employed by the Company, and the Company desires to employ the Employee, on the terms, covenants, and conditions set forth in this Agreement. For the reasons set forth above and in consideration of the mutual covenants and promises herein, along with other good and valuable consideration, the Company and the Employee agree as follows:

ARTICLE I. EMPLOYMENT

1.1 Employment by the Company. The Company hereby employs, engages and hires the Employee on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, and the Employee accepts such employment.

1.2 <u>Term of Employment</u>.



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This Agreement is effective as of the Effective Date and for a term of the a. Service Commitment Period, hereinafter defined, unless sooner terminated by either Party pursuant to Article IV of this Agreement.

b. After the completion of the Service Commitment Period, this Agreement, and any modifications or amendments hereto, shall automatically renew on a yearly basis upon the expiration of each year term, unless the Agreement is terminated by either Party pursuant to Article IV. This herein excludes a renewal of the Service Commitment Period.

1.3 **Duties of Employee.**

The Employee shall perform such duties and undertake such responsibilities a. as the Company shall, from time to time, designate and assign. The Employee's duties shall be provided in such places and at such times as the Company's needs, business, or opportunities require. The Employee shall communicate with the Company regarding the Employee's duties and obligations.

b. Standards of Performance. The Employee shall perform the duties of the Employee's position with competence, efficiency, and fidelity. The Employee shall comply with the Company's policies and standards and all applicable laws in the performance of the Employee's duties under this Agreement. The Employee is subject to the Company's supervision, advice, and direction in the performance of the duties.

C. Exclusive Services. The Employee shall devote the Employee's best efforts and full business and productive time, ability, and attention to performing the services called for by this Agreement. The Company is entitled to all benefits and profits arising from or incident to all work, services, and advice provided by the Employee, and the Employee shall not, directly or indirectly, render any business or professional services to, hold an interest in, or serve as a director, officer, or employee of, or as a consultant to, any third party without the Company's consent. This provision does not prohibit the Employee from:

i. Making passive investments in the equity securities of companies which are publicly traded, provided that the Employee's total ownership interest in any one company may not exceed two percent (2%) and that the Employee may not invest in any entity in direct competition with the Company; or

Engaging in religious, charitable or other community or nonprofit ii. activities that do not impair the Employee's ability to fulfill the Employee's duties and

Employee Initials: ____

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responsibilities under this Agreement.

d. <u>Timely Response</u>. Employee shall respond within 10 business days to any communication from the Company that requires a response, including Communications from the Company's administrative personnel and the Employee's manager, unless the Employee provides prior notice of such inability to communicate. In the event that the Employee fails to respond to such communication within 10 business days, absent prior notice, it will be deemed that the employee has terminated his employment and the Agreement, and the Employee will be liable for liquidated damages pursuant to Article V of the Agreement.

Vacation Notification. The Employee, while performing work at a Client e. location, shall obtain approval from his Client Manager for any time away from work, and will promptly inform the Company of any planned and approved vacation time.

1.4 Limitations on Authority. The Employee shall not have, or represent himself as having, authority to make contracts in the name of or binding on the Company, to pledge Company's credit or to extend credit in the Company's name.

1.5 **Project Determination Form.** At such time the Employee is designated to a specific employment opportunity the Employee shall execute a Project Determination Form. The Employee understands that all terms and conditions of this Agreement are likewise applicable to the Project **Determination Form.**

ARTICLE II. COMPENSATION & BENEFITS

2.1 **Wages.** As compensation for the services provided by the Employee under this Agreement, the Company shall pay the Employee at the hourly rate specified in the Project Determination for all time worked that is recorded on timesheets signed by the Employee and approved by the Company. The wages to be paid pursuant to this Agreement shall be payable according to the Company's normal payroll schedule. The Employee is required to submit timesheets pursuant to the Company's normal payroll practices. The Employee acknowledges that failure to submit timesheets in a timely manner could result in disciplinary actions.

2.2 Health, Dental, and Vision Insurance. Employees will be eligible to participate in the Company's group health insurance plans with company contributions, as designated during the company's plan design or open enrollment. The Company reserves the right to make changes to



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company premium contributions at any time.

2.3 Deductions from Salary and Benefits. The Company shall withhold from any wages or benefits payable to Employee all federal, state, local and other taxes and other amounts required by law, rule or regulation.

ARTICLE III. RESTRICTIVE COVENANTS

3.1 **Definitions**.

Customer. The term "Customer" means any person, firm, or entity that used a a. service of the Company or did business with the Company at any time during the two (2) year period immediately preceding termination of the Employee's employment with the Company.

Prospective Customer. The term "Prospective Customer" means any person, b. firm, or entity contacted or solicited by the Company within the two (2) year period immediately preceding termination of the Employee's employment with the Company for the purpose of having such person, firm, or entity become a customer of the Company.

C. Competitor. The term "Competitor" means any person, firm, or entity that provides or uses the same type of information technology in which the Employee was trained by the Company.

d. Members of Chain. The term "Members of Chain" means any person, firm, or entity that had a role in an information technology project on which the Company worked during the course of the Employee's employment with the Company. For example, if an end user or consumer hired a contractor to do information technology work, and the contractor hired subcontractors, such as the Company, to perform some or all of the work, the end user, the contractor, and all subcontractors are Members of Chain.

e. Total Hours. Total Hours refers to the total number of billable hours of work performed by the employee from the beginning of his employment relationship with the Company, under this and all earlier agreements between the Employee and the Company.

f. Service Commitment Period. Employee promises to complete 4000 Total Hours as defined in section 3.1.e. This will be referred to as Service Commitment Period.

3.2 **Non-Solicitation.** The Employee expressly covenants and agrees that, during the course of his employment by the Company and for a period of twelve (12) months following the date of termination of the Employee's employment with the Company, whether the termination is with or without Cause, or voluntary, the Employee will not, directly or indirectly,

Employee Initials: ______

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individually or as a stockholder, director, officer, partner, proprietor, employee, agent, contractor or otherwise, do, perform, or participate in any of the following:

Solicit or attempt to solicit any business from any Customers, Prospective a. Customers, or Members of Chain with whom the Employee had contact or of whose existence the Employee became aware during and because of the Employee's employment with the Company.

b. Urge or perform any act that could encourage any Customer, Prospective Customer or Member of Chain to discontinue business, in whole or in part, or not to do business with the Company.

Hire, solicit, or assist anyone else to hire or solicit any employee of the C. company.

3.3 Non-Disclosure of Customers and Prospective Customers. The Employee

expressly covenants and agrees that, during the course of his employment by the Company and following the termination of the Employee's employment with the Company, whether the termination is with or without Cause, the Employee will not, directly or indirectly, disclose the identity of any Customers or Prospective Customers to any person, firm, corporation, association, or other entity for any reason or purpose whatsoever.

3.4 Non-Competition.

The Employee expressly covenants and agrees that, during the course of his a. employment by the Company and for a period of twelve (12) months following the date of termination of the Employee's employment with the Company, whether the termination is with or without Cause, or resignation, the Employee will not become or act as an employee, contractor, consultant, advisor, officer, manager, or agent of, or otherwise perform work or provide services for, any Customer, Competitor or Member of Chain for which the Employee performed services during the term of this Agreement without written release from The Company.

b. The Company has invested significant resources in training and supporting the Employee to provide him valuable expertise in his field of work. By accepting employment with a Competitor, Customer or Member of Chain, the employee would cause the Company to lose revenue and would waste the resources expended by the Company to train and support the Employee.

In the event that the Employee breaches any of the covenants contained in c. this Section 3.4, the Employee shall be liable for all damages to the Company, including but not limited to compensatory damages, consequential damages, attorneys' fees and costs. It is further



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agreed by the Parties that any breach or threatened breach of the covenants and agreements contained in this Section 3.4 of this Agreement would cause irreparable injury to the Company and that money damages would not provide an adequate remedy to the Company. Therefore, the Company shall be entitled to equitable or injunctive relief. Such rights and remedies shall be independent of any others and severally enforceable, and shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other rights and remedies available to the Company at law or in equity. For the avoidance of doubt, any of the remedies set forth in Section 3.4 shall not alter or inhibit the Company's ability or rights to obtain damages for the breach of any other section of this Agreement, including but not limited to the liquidated damages provision of Section 5.1 for termination prior to the conclusion of the Service Commitment Period.

3.5 Non-Use and Non-Disclosure of the Company's Proprietary and Confidential Information.

Definition: Confidential and Proprietary Information means the Company's a. business operations, internal structure, financial affairs, programs, software, systems, source code, procedures, patents, manuals, confidential reports, inventions, trade secrets, know-how, copyrighted works, technical data, computer software, documentation, processes, results of research and development projects, and sales and marketing methods, as well as the amount, nature and type of services, equipment, and methods used and preferred by the Company's Customers and Members of Chain.

> b. <u>Acknowledgements by Employee.</u> The Employee acknowledges that:

i. In the course of providing services under this Agreement, the Employee will have access to the Company's Confidential and Proprietary Information.

The Confidential and Proprietary Information is of a special and unique ii. nature, has value to the Company, and has been and will continue to be of central importance to the Company's business.

iii. Disclosure of the Confidential and Proprietary Information to others or use of it by others is likely to cause substantial loss to the Company.

Non-Use and Non-Disclosure. The Employee agrees that, during the entire c. period of the Employee's employment with the Company and following the termination of the Employee's employment with the Company, no matter the reason for the termination, the Employee shall not use the Company's Confidential and Proprietary Information, except to the extent use is



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required in the performance of Employee's assigned duties for the Company. The Employee further agrees that, during the entire period of the Employee's employment with the Company and thereafter, the Employee will not, directly or indirectly, divulge, reveal, report, publish, transfer, or disclose to any person or entity any of the Company's Confidential and Proprietary Information. The Employee agrees that he will not discuss any employment related issues and grievances, or disclose their pay rates with clients, vendors or any Members of Chain or other employees of the company except their designated managers or the human resources employees.

d. Confidentiality. The Employee will use the Employee's best efforts to safeguard the Company's Confidential and Proprietary Information and protect it against disclosure, misuse, espionage, loss, misappropriation, and theft.

e. Third Party Agreements. To the extent that the Company has entered into confidentiality agreements with provisions that are more restrictive than those set forth in this Agreement, the Employee agrees to comply with any such different and more restrictive provisions.

3.6 **Inventions and Creations by Employee.**

Company Ownership. Except as otherwise expressly agreed upon in writing a. by the Parties, all inventions and other creations, whether or not patentable or copyrightable, and all ideas, reports and other creative works, including without limitation, innovations, manuals, source code and object code and related documentation, and any other work of authorship including HTML code, software, formulas, scripts, text files, or audio/visual work, heretofore or hereafter written, made or conceived by the Employee during the term of the Employee's employment with the Company, which relate in any manner whatsoever to the existing or proposed business of the Company, or any other business or research, software development or consulting effort in which the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates engages during the term of the Employee's employment with the Company must be disclosed promptly by the Employee to the Company and are the sole and exclusive property of the Company. The Company, its subsidiaries, licensees, successors and assigns (direct or indirect) are not required to designate the Employee as the inventor, creator or author of any invention or creation when such invention or creation is distributed publicly or otherwise. The Employee waives and releases, to the extent permitted by law, all rights to such designation and any rights concerning future modifications of such invention or creation. The Employee will, both during and after the Employee's employment with the Company, assist the Company, at the Company's option and expense, in obtaining and enforcing any legal rights

Employee Initials:



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in inventions and other creations of the Company.

b. Employee's Ownership. This Agreement does not affect any rights in inventions or creations that the Employee had prior to employment with the Company. If the Employee provides a document detailing such rights and ownership, it will be made part of this Agreement.

3.7 **Reasonableness.** The Employee acknowledges and agrees that, given the nature and scope of the Company's business, the above restrictions are reasonable as to duration and geography and are fully enforceable, and the Employee waives any objection thereto and covenants to institute no suit or proceeding or otherwise advance any position or contention to the contrary.

3.8 **Ability to Obtain Other Employment.** The Employee represents and warrants to the Company that the Employee's experience and capabilities are such that the Employee can obtain employment without breaching the terms and conditions of this Agreement and that the Employee's obligations under the provisions of this Agreement (and the enforcement thereof by injunction or otherwise) will not prevent the Employee from earning a livelihood.

3.9 **Breach of the Restrictive Covenants.**

a. Injunctive Relief. The Employee recognizes that immediate and irreparable damage will result to Company if the Employee breaches any of the terms and conditions contained in Article III of this Agreement and that the Company does not have an adequate remedy at law to protect its rights and interests as set forth in Article III, and, accordingly, the Employee hereby consents to the entry of temporary, preliminary, and permanent injunctive relief by any court of competent jurisdiction against the Employee to restrain any such breach in addition to any other remedies or claims for money damages that the Company may seek, including the liquidated damages as set forth in Article V, below. The Employee agrees to render an equitable accounting of all earnings, profits, and other benefits arising from such violation.

b. <u>Claims Against Company Not a Defense</u>. The existence of any claim by Employee against Company, whether predicated upon this Agreement, breach of this Agreement, or otherwise, shall not constitute a defense to the enforcement of the covenants set forth in Article III.





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3.10 <u>Survival</u>. The restrictive covenants set forth herein shall survive and remain binding following the termination, no matter the reason for the termination, of the Employee's employment with the Company.

ARTICLE IV. TERMINATION

4.1 By the Employee.

Before Service Commitment Period as defined in section 3.1.f: The Employee a. hereby acknowledges and recognizes that the Company has and/or will invest significant resources, time, and expenses in training, marketing, and on-boarding the Employee. These resources, time, and expenses have the collective value of \$23,875 (the "Training, Marketing, and On-Boarding Cost"). The Company has entered into this Agreement and has and/or will invest the Training, Marketing, and On-Boarding Cost in the Employee in reliance upon the Employee's representation that he will honor the Commitment Period as defined in section 3.1.f. Accordingly, the Employee may not terminate his employment prior to Commitment Period as defined in section 3.1.f.

b. After Service Commitment Period as defined in section 3.1.f: After the Commitment Period as defined in section 3.1.f, the Employee may terminate his employment hereunder by giving a written notice to the Company of (i) 15 days, or (ii) the notice as required by his current project, whichever is higher.

Without Cause/ For Cause. The Company may immediately terminate the 4.2 employment of the Employee, without notice, for Cause or without Cause. For Cause includes:

a. Any willful act or action on the part of the Employee done in connection with or associated with the services rendered by the Employee under this Agreement for which a criminal prosecution is commenced by the prosecuting authorities in any jurisdiction, if the Company determines, after an assessment of the particular circumstances, that termination is consistent with business necessity. For the purposes of this Agreement, the commencement of a criminal prosecution shall be deemed to have occurred upon the filing of a criminal information against the Employee or the indictment of the Employee by any local, state or federal authority;

b. Any act of theft, fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, assault, misappropriation, embezzlement, dishonesty, intentional destruction of the property of the Company, its affiliates, or its Customers, or battery committed by the Employee in connection with or associated with the

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services rendered by the Employee to the Company under this Agreement;

c. Any act, action, failure to act, or omission which constitutes gross misconduct or gross negligence, as reasonably determined by the Company, in connection with or associated with the services rendered by the Employee under this Agreement;

d. Failure to follow the Company's directives, dereliction of duty to Company, failure to exercise best efforts on Company's behalf, failure to act in Employer's best interests, or irreconcilable differences in judgment between Employee and Company regarding Company's policies, including but not limited to failure to respond to the Company's communications, including but not limited to communication by email, letter, fax, or telephone, and failure to report to an assignment as assigned by the Company;

> e. Any material violation of a term of this Agreement; and

f. Any act or omission constituting cause under Virginia law.

4.3 **Upon Death or Disability.** The employment shall terminate upon the death or disability of the Employee. Disability means the inability to perform the Employee's essential duties, with or without a reasonable accommodation, for a period of not less than 25 consecutive or non-consecutive calendar days in any 2-month period because of physical or mental incapacity.

Compensation upon Termination. Upon termination for any reason, the 4.4 Employee shall be entitled to wages earned and reimbursable expenses incurred through the date of termination, less applicable amounts to be withheld for taxes and applicable laws. The Company shall have no further obligation or liability to the Employee.

4.5 **Nondisparagement.** The Employee agrees that, during or after termination of employment with the Company, the Employee shall not make any statement concerning the Company, its affiliates, or any of its officers, directors, shareholders, or employees unless such statement is previously approved by the Company, required by law, or primarily personal publicity issued by Employee that includes incidental, non-derogatory reference to the Company, its affiliates, or Employee's employment thereby.

Return of Company's Property. Upon termination of the Employee's 4.6



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employment with the Company, the Employee shall not take from the Company and shall return to the Company all of the Company's materials and Confidential and Proprietary Information including, but not limited to, contracts, agreements, forms, financial books, records, instruments, documents, supplier lists, memoranda, data, reports, programs, designs, formulas, software, tapes, rolodexes, telephone and address books, letters, research, listing, programming, and any other instruments, records, or documents relating or pertaining to the Company. Such materials and Confidential and Proprietary

Information shall at all times remain the property of the Company. This provision applies not only to original documents and materials, but also to copies, reproductions, summaries, analyses or extracts thereof or based thereon (whether furnished by the Company, a third party or prepared by the Employee). The Employee shall neither make nor retain any copies of any such materials after termination.

ARTICLE V. DAMAGE

5.1 Damages Due to Termination by Employee Prior to Service Commitment

Period. In the event that the Employee resigns or is terminated for Cause prior to Commitment Period as defined in section 3.1.f, the Employee shall pay \$23,875 to the Company to reimburse the Company for the Training, Marketing, and On-Boarding Cost. Employee understands and expressly acknowledges that every project for which the Company is hired is unique. In the event that the Employee breaches this Agreement in any manner the Company will suffer significant and extensive damages, including the cost to train replacements, the cost associated with interruption of work on a project, loss of goodwill, and, potentially, loss of income generating projects. Accordingly, the Employee agrees to pay to the Company \$23,875 as liquidated damages, and not as penalty, for each such breach.

5.2 Damages Due to Breach of Any Other Provision. The Parties agree that in the event that the Employee breaches any provision of this Agreement other than by terminating his employment prior to Service Commitment Period (for which liquidated damages shall apply pursuant to Section 5.1), then the Employee shall be liable for all damages to the Company, including but not limited to equitable or injunctive relief, compensatory damages, consequential damages, attorneys' fees and costs.

5.3 **Costs of enforcement**. The Employee agrees to reimburse the Company for all

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reasonable costs, expenses, and attorneys' fees incurred by the Company in connection with the enforcement of its rights under this Agreement in which the Company is the prevailing party.

ARTICLE VI. MISCELLANEOUS

6.1 **Assignment**. By reason of the special and unique nature of the services hereunder, it is agreed that neither Party hereto may assign any interests, rights or duties which the Party may have in this Agreement without the prior written consent of the other Party, except that upon any merger, liquidation, or sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company, this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the Employee and the purchasing, surviving, or resulting entity in the same manner and to the same extent as though such entity were the Company.

6.2 Governing Law. The laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia will govern all questions concerning the construction, validity and interpretation of this Agreement and the performance of the obligations imposed by this Agreement, or the breach thereof, whether sounding in contract, tort or otherwise. The Parties agree that Fairfax County, Virginia is the sole and proper venue for any legal proceedings under this Agreement. The Parties further agree that service to the Employee's notice address, as set forth within this Agreement, will constitute valid and proper service, such service may be given by any effective means, and that service is deemed to have been delivered once fourteen (14) days have passed from such service being sent. The Parties submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of Virginia, and waive all challenges to jurisdiction without regard to service.

6.3 Severability: Court Enforcement. If one or more parts of this Agreement are declared by any court to be unlawful, unenforceable as written, or invalid, such declaration shall not invalidate any part of this Agreement not declared to be unlawful, unenforceable, or invalid. Any part declared to be unlawful, unenforceable, or invalid shall be construed in a manner that will give effect to the terms of such part to the fullest extent possible.

6.4 Waiver of Right to Jury Trial. The Parties hereto hereby waive their rights to a jury trial for adjudication of any and all disputes arising under this Agreement or relating to the Employee's employment with the Company.

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Entire Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the complete understanding 6.5 between the Parties, unless amended by a subsequent written instrument signed by the Parties. The Company represents, and the Employee acknowledges, that no individual has authority to amend the Agreement on the Company's behalf except by written resolution of the Company's Board of Directors. All prior negotiations between the Parties are merged into this Agreement and there are no understandings or agreements other than those incorporated herein.

6.6 Notices. Any and all notices required or permitted under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed delivered when delivered in person, three days after deposited in the United States mail, postage paid, or when sent by email, addressed as follows:

Company:	Smoothstack Inc.
	Attention: Human Resources
	12730 Fair Lakes Circle
	Suite 102
	Fairfax, VA 22033
	Ann.jacob@smoothstack.com
Employee:	Name: Justin O'Brien
	Address:
	Email:

Such addresses may be changed from time to time by either Party by providing written notice in the manner set forth above.

6.7 **<u>Counterparts.</u>** This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

6.8 Headings. The section and paragraph headings used herein are for convenience and reference only and shall not enter into the interpretation hereof.

6.9 Gender. The use of the masculine gender herein shall be deemed to be or include

Employee Initials: _____



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the feminine gender, wherever appropriate.

6.10 <u>Modifications</u>. No amendment or modification of this Agreement shall be valid or effective, unless in writing and signed by the Parties to this Agreement. No individual at the Company is authorized to alter or amend this Agreement except by written resolution of the Company's Board of Directors.

6.11 **Waiver.** Waivers must be in writing and signed by the waiving Party to be effective.

6.12 Any waiver by any Party of any breach of any kind or character whatsoever by any other Party, whether such waiver is direct or implied, shall not be construed as a continuing or succeeding waiver of, or consent to, any subsequent breach of any provision of this Agreement. No individual at the Company is authorized to execute a waiver on behalf of the Company except by written resolution of the Company's Board of Directors.

6.13 **Employee's Warranties.**

a. Free and Voluntary Execution. The Employee has executed and delivered this Agreement as Employee's free and voluntary act, after having determined that the provisions contained herein are of material benefit to Employee, and that the duties and obligations imposed on Employee hereunder are fair and reasonable and will not prevent Employee from earning a livelihood following termination of Employee's employment with the Company.

b. Knowing Execution. The Employee has read and fully understands the terms and conditions set forth herein, has had time to reflect on and consider the benefits and consequences of entering into this Agreement and has had the opportunity to review the terms hereof with an attorney or other representative, if the Employee so chooses.

No Conflict. The execution and delivery of this Agreement by Employee and c. the performance of Employee's obligations hereunder does not conflict with or result in a breach of or constitute default under, any agreement or contract, whether oral or written, to which Employee is a party or by which Employee may be bound.

d. <u>Truth.</u> The information provided by the Employee to the Company in connection with obtaining employment is true.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Agreement has been executed by the Company and the Employee as of

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			Code	for	excellend	e
smoothst	tack	🖸 inf	o@smoothstack.cor	n 💽	www.smoothstacl	<.com
the date indicat	ed on the ini	tial page of this Ag	greement.			
AGREED AND A	ACCEPTED:					
EMPLOYEE:						
Signature:	Justin OBrien					
Name:	Justin O'Br	ien				
SMOOTHSTACK INC. :						
Signature	: <u> </u>					
Name:	Ann Jacob					
Title:	HR Generali	st				



Electronic Signature Policy

Purpose and Scope

Smoothstack Inc. is committed to doing business in the most efficient and effective way possible and has adopted this policy to allow for use of and acceptance of electronic signatures ("**e-signatures**") in lieu of manual signatures, to the extent permitted by law.

This Policy applies to all employees signing agreements or other documents with Smoothstack Inc. and sets out guidelines for use of e-signatures.

Methods and Authentication

The policy does not require a specific method for executing an e-signature. An e-signature is "an electronic sign, symbol, or process, attached to or logically associated with a contract or other record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record." More simply, it is a paperless means of committing to a contract or other document in a manner that indicates the signer's intent to bind the himself or herself to the obligations contained within the contract. Any such e-signature shall be deemed valid and enforceable to the same extent as if the parties had manually signed the agreement.

Compliance with Related Policies

All other policies that apply to the execution of contracts on behalf of the company remain in full force and effect. Further, this Policy shall not affect any other terms or conditions of any contract or documents between the employee and Smoothstack Inc., other than permitting such documents to be signed electronically pursuant to this Policy.

Acknowledgment of Receipt and Review

I, <u>Justin O'Brien</u> (employee name), acknowledge that on <u>10/20/2020</u> (date), I received a copy of Smoothstack Inc. Electronic Signature Policy (the "**Policy**"), and that I read it, understood it, and agree that my electronic signature on any contract or other document with Smoothstack Inc. shall be binding upon me as if I had hand-signed the document manually. This Policy is not promissory and does not set terms or conditions of employment or create an employment contract.

Justin O'Brien

Signature

Justin O'Brien Printed Name

10/20/2020

Date



PROJECT DETERMINATION FORM

Employee: Justin O'Brien Project Client: <u>AFS- Department of Education-DCC</u> Address: <u>Remote</u> Start Date: <u>TBD</u> Estimated Duration of Project: 1 year Employee Fee Rate: \$26.44 per hour (\$55,000 annually based on a 2,080-hour schedule) Specific Notes for this Form: In the pay period after completing twelve months with the client, you will receive a pay increase of \$31.25 (\$65,000 annually). This raise will be based primarily on successfully working on your project as well as performance reviews and client feedback.

By signing this Form, the Employee acknowledges and agrees to the terms and conditions of the previously executed Employment Agreement (the "Agreement"). Those terms and conditions are adopted and made a part of this Form herein and made applicable to this Form. Further, the Employee acknowledges that he or she has carefully reviewed the Agreement, and understands that the terms and conditions in the Agreement will control in the event any provision of this Form should appear to be inconsistent.

Justin O'Brien

Employee Signature

10/20/2020

Date

Exhibit 3

CONSENT TO JOIN

1. I consent to be a party plaintiff in a lawsuit against Defendant Smoothstack, Inc., and/or related entities and individuals in order to seek redress for violations of the Fair Labor Standards Act, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

2. I hereby designate Outten & Golden LLP, McGillivary, Steele, & Elkin LLP, Towards Justice, and the Student Borrower Protection Center to represent me in bringing such claim, and to make decisions on my behalf concerning the litigation and settlement. I agree to be bound by any adjudication of this action by the Court, whether it is favorable or unfavorable.

3. I also consent to join any other related action against Defendant or other potentially responsible parties to assert my claim and for this Consent Form to be filed in any such action.

Austin OBrian

Signature

04/13/2023

Date

Justin O'Brien Print Name

The signed document can be validated at https://app.vinesign.com/Verify

Exhibit 4



Apprenticeship Program FAQ

When will I start getting paid?

Pending Offer Letter acceptance in week 3 of training, you will receive your first paycheck according to the payroll schedule following your official start day (the fourth Monday from your training date). Please refer to the Payroll Schedule on page 4 to find your first pay date.

Do I get paid for the first three weeks?

No, payment will start week 4 (pending acceptance of the Offer Letter and signed Training Agreement).

What is the Payroll schedule?

We follow a bi-weekly payroll schedule found on page 4.

Do I get paid for Federal Holidays?

Yes, you will be paid for the Federal Holidays listed below, effective your hire date.

- New Year's Day
- Birthday of Martin Luther King Jr
- Washington's Birthday
- Memorial Day
- Independence Day
- Labor Day
- Columbus Day
- Thanksgiving Day
- Day after Thanksgiving
- Christmas

Do I get paid for extra work on weekdays/weekends?

No. Your hours are capped at 40 hours per week, including weekends.

Which state do I owe taxes?

State tax withholding will be for your state of residence, which may change depending on the placement/state of residency after training.

Where are the Smoothstack office and corporate residences located?

Our office and corporate residences are located in Fairfax, Virginia. Our office address is 12730 Fair Lakes Circle Suite 102, Fairfax, VA 22033. The corporate residences are less than a mile from the office.

What are the nearest airports/train station?

Local Airports:

Dulles International Airport – IAD (This is the closest airport to Fairfax) Ronald Reagan Washington Airport – DCA Baltimore-Washington International Airport – BWI

Local Train Station:

Union Station – Washington, DC.



Closest Metro Station:

Vienna/Fairfax - GMU

When can I expect to hear more about housing arrangements?

This will be communicated once it is deemed safe by the CDC to return to normal working conditions. *Our Housing Coordinator, Lizzie Gunggoll, will be in touch with you 1-2 days before your travel with your housing information and to coordinate your arrival. Our corporate apartments are located in the Arbors at Fair Lakes (<u>https://www.arborsatfairlakes.com/</u>). You may also be placed in a townhouse separate from the Arbors, but a similar distance from the office.*

Is the corporate residence shared?

Yes. Our corporate housing consists of multiple apartments at the Arbors at Fair Lakes (see link above) and two townhouses, all of which are within a mile of the office. The apartments are all 2-bedroom/2 bathroom with a limit of 4 residents in each. The townhouses are three-bedroom/two full bathroom/two half bath with a limit of 6 residents. All residences come fully furnished with cleaning service 2x each month. You may be assigned to any one of the above-mentioned residences.

Can I opt for a single room/apartment if I'm prepared to pay higher rent?

No. All residences are shared.

Can I choose my preferred housing?

No. Since there are always incoming/outgoing classes Smoothstack assigns housing on a first-come, first-serve basis. You will not be able to choose your residence or give preference.

How long can I stay at the corporate apartment?

You are welcome to stay in the corporate residence until you are placed at a client site.

Is there a maximum wait period between the training completion and contract placement?

There is rarely a lag between the completion of training and your onboarding to a project. We are currently in a job market where the number of open positions from our clients far outweigh the available resources at hand. Keep in mind that Smoothstack will continue to pay your hourly wage as per the training agreement until you are placed on a contract.

How long can I expect to be in class each day?

Training sessions can vary from 1-3 hours.

What time do we have to arrive at the office daily?

This will go into effect once it is deemed safe by the CDC to return to normal working conditions. *You must be in the office by 2 pm on Monday-Friday. During this time, it is expected that you are reachable via email, Slack, and phone and are actively engaged and working on any assignments, research, documentation review, etc. until the training session starts. The office is otherwise open and available to you as needed and can be accessed at all times with your entry card.*

Can I choose the location I want to be placed in?

No. One requirement of our apprenticeship program is that you are willing and able to relocate anywhere in the US. Most Smoothstack clients are located within a 50-mile radius of our Fairfax office, however, you could be relocated anywhere in the U.S. as Smoothstack continues to grow.



Will I receive financial assistance from Smoothstack If I must relocate upon placement?

Yes. Smoothstack will provide relocation assistance of \$750 if you move more than 50 miles from our Fairfax office. You also have the option of a salary advance (up to \$1500) which will be deducted from your paycheck in \$250 installments until repaid in full.

What documents should I bring?

After your offer is signed, you will need to upload documents for Form I-9 (Employment Eligibility Verification Form) into the Rippling portal (HRIS). Please refer to page 6 for a List of Acceptable Documents. You can upload one document from List A or a combination of one document from List B and one document from List C. Additionally, if you received a college degree you will need to upload your diploma and transcripts.

What are my insurance benefits?

Employees that are regularly scheduled to work at least 30 hours a week are eligible for Medical, Dental, Vision, Voluntary Term Life/AD&D and Employer-paid Term Life/AD&D and Short-Term Disability coverage effective 1st of the month following 30 days of hire.

Smoothstack offers full-time employees four health insurance options from United Health Care (UHC). The plans feature a wide range of deductibles, copayments and out-of-pocket maximums to fit employees' unique health, personal, and financial situations. Some plans offer copayments on the most common medical services as well as prescription drugs before the deductible. An Affordable HSA eligible plan option is also available. Details on health insurance will be shared with you during orientation following your official hire date.

Does Smoothstack offer a 401K retirement plan?

Smoothstack offers full-time employees a 401K retirement plan that employees can enroll in after 60 days of employment with a company match.

Match: 25% on \$1 up to 4% of the employee's salary and maximized as per IRS annual tax deferral limits.

How do I record my hours?

Hours are recorded in Harvest beginning on your official hire date. You will receive an invitation to log in from the HR team. The deadline to enter hours is Monday, 2 pm for the previous week. This process will be reviewed during employee orientation following your official hire date.

Where can I view my paystubs and deductions?

Paystubs, deductions, W2's, and benefits information will be available in Rippling (HRIS). You will receive an invitation to log in from our HR team following your official hire date.



Payroll Schedule- 2020

Pay Period	Pay Date	
12/16/2019 - 12/29/2019	1/10/2020	
12/30/2019 - 1/12/2020	1/24/2020	
1/13/2020 - 1/26/2020	2/7/2020	
1/27/2020 - 2/9/2020	2/21/2020	
2/10/2020 - 2/23/2020	3/6/2020	
2/24/2020 - 3/8/2020	3/20/2020	
3/9/2020 - 3/22/2020	4/3/2020	
3/23/2020 - 4/5/2020	4/17/2020	
4/6/2020 - 4/19/2020	5/1/2020	
4/20/2020 - 5/3/2020	5/15/2020	
5/4/2020 - 5/17/2020	5/29/2020	
5/18/2020 - 5/31/2020	6/12/2020	
6/1/2020 - 6/14/2020	6/26/2020	
6/15/2020 - 6/28/2020	7/10/2020	
6/29/2020 - 7/12/2020	7/24/2020	
7/13/2020 - 7/26/2020	8/7/2020	
7/27/2020 - 8/9/2020	8/21/2020	
8/10/2020 - 8/23/2020	9/4/2020	
8/24/2020 - 9/6/2020	9/18/2020	
9/7/2020 - 9/20/2020	10/2/2020	
9/21/2020 - 10/4/2020	10/16/2020	
10/5/2020 - 10/18/2020	10/30/2020	
10/19/2020 - 11/1/2020	11/13/2020	
11/2/2020 - 11/15/2020	11/27/2020	
11/16/2020 - 11/29/2020	12/11/2020	
11/30/2020 - 12/13/2020	12/24/2020	



List of Acceptable Documents for I-9 Form

All documents must be UNEXPIRED

Employees may present one selection from List A or a combination of one selection from List B and one selection from List C.

	LIST A Documents that Establish Both Identity and Employment Authorization	OR	LIST B Documents that Establish Identity A	ND	LIST C Documents that Establish Employment Authorization
2.	U.S. Passport or U.S. Passport Card Permanent Resident Card or Alien Registration Receipt Card (Form I-551) Foreign passport that contains a temporary I-551 stamp or temporary		 Driver's license or ID card issued by a State or outlying possession of the United States provided it contains a photograph or information such as name, date of birth, gender, height, eye color, and address 	1.	A Social Security Account Number card, unless the card includes one of the following restrictions: (1) NOT VALID FOR EMPLOYMENT (2) VALID FOR WORK ONLY WITH INS AUTHORIZATION
4.	I-551 printed notation on a machine- readable immigrant visa Employment Authorization Document that contains a photograph (Form I-766)		 ID card issued by federal, state or local government agencies or entities, provided it contains a photograph or information such as name, date of birth, gender, height, eye color, and address 	2.	(3) VALID FOR WORK ONLY WITH DHS AUTHORIZATION Certification of report of birth issued by the Department of State (Forms DS-1350, FS-545, FS-240)
5.	For a nonimmigrant alien authorized to work for a specific employer because of his or her status: a. Foreign passport; and		School ID card with a photograph Voter's registration card U.S. Military card or draft record Military dependent's ID card	3.	Original or certified copy of birth certificate issued by a State, county, municipal authority, or territory of the United States bearing an official seal
	 b. Form I-94 or Form I-94A that has the following: (1) The same name as the passport; and 		7. U.S. Coast Guard Merchant Mariner Card	4. 5.	Native American tribal document U.S. Citizen ID Card (Form I-197)
	(2) An endorsement of the alien's nonimmigrant status as long as that period of endorsement has not vet expired and the		 Native American tribal document Driver's license issued by a Canadian government authority 	6.	Identification Card for Use of Resident Citizen in the United States (Form I-179)
	proposed employment is not in conflict with any restrictions or limitations identified on the form.		For persons under age 18 who are unable to present a document listed above:		Employment authorization document issued by the Department of Homeland Security
6.	Passport from the Federated States of Micronesia (FSM) or the Republic of the Marshall Islands (RMI) with Form I-94 or Form I-94A indicating nonimmigrant admission under the Compact of Free Association Between the United States and the FSM or RMI		 School record or report card Clinic, doctor, or hospital record Day-care or nursery school record 		